## - Complete Latin to English Glossary -

In this vocabulary, the numbers 1,2 , and 4 indicate for regular verbs the conjugation to which the verb belongs, and that their principal parts are formed according to the patterns of the model verbs laudō, moneō, and audiō, respectively; or, if the verb is deponent, according to the patterns of hortor, vereor, and partior (see App. \$73).

Words in italics are explanatory and are not part of the definition. Words in square brackets are the root(s) from which a word is derived or another closely related word.

The symbol • follows the last letter of the base or stem of the word. To this base, subsequent syllables are added, e.g., abic•iō, -ere $=$ abiciō, abicere or āceer, -ris, -re = ācer, ācris, ācre. (NB: In Caesar's day, nouns that ended in -ius and -ium regularly had a genitive -i, rather than -ii, e.g., auxil-ium, -i. For details, see App. \$16, c.)

A dagger $\dagger$ follows the entry for those words that appear both on the high frequency vocabulary list and in italics in the Latin text.

This glossary is based closely on the vocabulary in the edition of A. T. Walker (see the Acknowledgments at the beginning of this volume for details).
A.
à (before consonants), ab (before vowels and some consonants), abs (before tē, and in some compounds), prep. with abl., originally denoting separation; (1) of place, persons, time, etc., from, away from, from the vicinity of; (2) denoting position, in some phrases, at, in, on, on the side of; à tergō, in the rear; (3) with expressions of measure, away, off;

## ab mīlibus passuum duōbus,

 two miles away; (4) with the pass. voice often expressing agent (the person by whom the action is performed), by; (5) variously translated in other expressions, from, by, in respect to, after. $\dagger$ a. = ante $a d v$., (1) before, above, previously; (2) prep. with acc., before, in front of, in advance of. A., abbr. for Aulus, a Roman praenomen.abic•iō, -ere, abiēcī, abiectum
[iaciō, throw. App. \$7], throw away or down; hurl.
abs, see ā.
absum, abesse, āfuī, - [sum, be. App. \$78], be away, be absent or distant, be lacking or free from.
ac, see atque. $\dagger$
ac•cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī, -cessum [ad + cēdō, go], approach, come near to, arrive at, come to; to be added.
acecidō, -cidere, -cidī, $-[a d+$ cadō, fall], fall to or upon; befall; happen, fall to the lot of, occur. $\dagger$
ac•cipiō,-cipere, -cēpī,-ceptum [ad + capiō, take], take or receive to oneself, accept; experience, suffer; learn, hear, take. $\dagger$
āc•er, -ris, -re, adj., sharp [App. \$36].
aci•ēs, -ē̄i (old gen. aciē), f., sharp point or edge of a weapon; sharp or keen sight, glance; a line (as forming an edge), battle line; prima, the vanguard; media, the center; novissima, the rear (guard).
ad, prep. with acc., originally expressing motion toward: (1) expressing motion, toward, against, to the vicinity of; (2) expressing position, at, by, near; (3) expressing purpose, with the gerund and gerundive, to, for (the purpose of); (4) with numbers, up to, about; (5) of time, up to, until; at, on; (6) variously
translated in other relations, at, after, for, to, according to, in the eyes of, among. $\dagger$
adāctus, see adigō.
ad.dō, -dere, -didī, -ditum [dō, put], place on, add.
ad-dūcō, -dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum [dūcō, lead], lead to, draw to, bring to; induce, influence.
adē̄, $a d v$., to such an extent, so much, so very, so; in fact.
ad.ē̄, -īre, -iī, -itum [ē, go.
App. \$84], go to, approach, visit, assail, attack.
ad-ficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum [ad + faciō, do], affect, inspire; magnō dolōre afficere, to annoy greatly.
ad•flīgō, -flīgere, -flīxī, -flīctum, strike against; overthrow; damage, injure.
ad•haereō, -haerēre, -haesī, -haesum [haereō, stick], cling to, stick to.
adhib.ē̄, -ēre, -uī, -itum
[habeō, have], bring to, bring in, summon; employ, use.
adhortor, 1 [hortor, encourage], encourage, incite.
ad॰igō,-igere, -ēgī, -āctum [ad + agō, move], drive or bring by force, move; thrust, plunge, hurl (of weapons); bind (by an oath).
ad•ipīscor, -ipīscī, -eptus sum, attain to, gain.
adit.us, -ūs, $m$. [adeō, go to], approach, means of approach, right to approach, access.
ad•iungō, -iungere, -iūnxī, -iūnctum [iungō, join], attach, join to, unite, add.
adiūt•or, -ōris, $m$. [adiuvō, aid], helper, assistant, abettor.
adminis•ter, -trī, $m$. [minister, servant], attendant, priest.
administrō, 1 [minister, servant], serve, attend, wait upon; manage, guide.
ad•mittō,-mittere, -mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], admit; commit; incur; let go; give reins (to a horse).
admodum, $a d v$. [modus, measure], literally: up to the measure; very much, very; with numbers, fully; with negative, at all.
ad•olēscō, -olēre, -olēvī, -ultum, grow up.
ad•orior, -orīrī, -ortus sum [orior, arise], rise against, assail, attack.
ad-scīscō, -scīscere, -scīvī, -scītum [ad + scīscō, approve], approve, admit or receive (as allies).
adsum, adesse, adfuī [sum, be,
App. \$77], be near, be present, be at hand, appear.
Aduātic•ī, -ōrum, m., a people in Belgic Gaul, the Aduatici.
advent•us, - $\overline{\mathbf{u}}$, $m$. [veniō, come], arrival, approach, coming. $\dagger$
adversus, prep. with acc.
[adversus, turned against], opposite to, against.
advers•us, -a, -um, $a d v$. [perf.
part. of advertō, turn to], turned to, turned against; opposite, fronting; adverse, unfavorable; unsuccessful; adversō flūmine, up the river; in adversum ōs, full in the face.
advolō, 1 [volō, fly], fly to or against, rush on or at.
aedifi•cium, -cī, $n$. [aedificiō, build], building, house.
Aeduous, -a, -um, adj., of the Aedui; as a noun: an Aeduan; pl. as a noun: the Aedui or Aeduans, one of the most powerful Gallic tribes.
ae•ger, -gra, -grum, adj., sick, ill.
aes, aeris, $n$., copper; anything made of copper, coin, money; aes aliēnum, someone else's money: debt.
aes.tās, -ātis, $f$., summer.
aestimāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [aestimō, value], valuation, appraisal.
aest•us, -ūs, $m$. , heat, boiling, surging, tide; minuente aestū, at ebb tide.
af.ficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum [ad + faciō, do], do to, treat, affect; magnō dolōre afficere, to annoy greatly.
ag•er, -rī, $m$., field, land; district, territory. $\dagger$
aggregō, 1 [ad + grex, flock] unite in a flock; assemble; join, attach.
agm•en, -inis, $n$. [agō, move], a moving body; a marching column; army; in agmine, on the march; primum agmen,
the vanguard (those in front); novissimum or extrēmum agmen, the rear (guard) (those in back).
ag•ō, -ere, ēgī, actum, set in motion, drive (animals); move forward, advance (military works); do, transact, carry on (business); discuss, speak; hold (conventum, a meeting); give, render (grātiās, thanks); plead (causam, a case); quod agitur, the matter in hand; rēs agitur, something is at stake.
ala•cer, -cris, -cre, adj., lively, eager, active, ready, joyous, "fired up."
alacriotās, -ātis, $f$. [alacer, lively], enthusiasm, eagerness.
Alesi•a, -ae, f., Alesia; main city of the Mandubii; now called Alise-Sainte-Reine.
aliās, $a d v$. [alius, another], at another place, elsewhere; at another time; aliās . . . aliās, at one time . . . at another.
aliēn•us, -a, -um, adj. [alius, other], of or belonging to another, another's; strange, alien, unfamiliar; unfavorable; foreign to the purpose; aes aliēnum, debt; aliēnissimī, complete strangers.
aliō, $a d v$. [alius, other], to another place, person, or thing; elsewhere.
ali•quis, -quid and ali•quī, -qua, -quod, indef. pron. [quis, who. App. \$62, a], someone, something; anyone, anything, any. $\dagger$
aliter, $a d v$. [alius, other], otherwise; aliter... ac, otherwise...than.
ali•us, -a, -ud, gen. alīus (App. \$32) another, other; alius ... alius.... one... another ... ; in pl., some . . . others . . . $\dagger$
Allobrog•ēs, -um, $m$., the Allobroges, a Gallic people in the Roman Province.
Alp.ēs, -ium, f., Alps; the mountains that separate northern Italy from Germany and Transalpine Gaul.
alt-er, -era, -erum (App. $\$ 32$ ), the other (of two); second; the one; alter . . . alter, the one . . . the other; alterī ... alterī, the one party... the other. $\dagger$
altitūd•ō, -inis, $f$. [altus, high, deep], height, depth; thickness (of timber).
alt.us, -a, -um, adj., high, deep; $n$. as noun: the deep, the sea.
ambactous, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, m$., vassal.
Ambarr•ī, -ōrum, m., Ambarri; a tribe living to the east of the Arar river.
Ambior•īx, -īgis, m., Ambiorix, king of the Eburones. $\dagger$
amb•ō,-ae, -a, adj., both.
àment•um, $-\bar{i}, n$., strap or thong, fastened to the shaft of a javelin to aid its propulsion.
amíciti•a, -ae, $f$. [amīcus, friend], friendship.
amic•us, -a,-um, adj. [amō, love], friendly, well-disposed; devoted.
amīc•us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$. [amō, love], friend, ally.
ā•mittō, -mittere, -mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], send away, dismiss; let go; lose.
amplē, $a d v$. [amplus, large], largely; comp., amplius, more, farther.
ampl-us, -a, um, adj., of large extent, spacious, large;
illustrious, splendid, noble; generous, magnificent; amplius, comparative as noun, more, a greater number, a greater distance.
an, conj., used to introduce the second element of alternative questions, or, or rather.
ancor•a, -ae, $f$., anchor; in ancorīs, at anchor.
angustē, $a d v$. [angustus, narrow], narrowly; in close quarters.
angusti•ae, -ārum, f. pl. [angustus, narrow], narrowness; a narrow place or pass, strait, defile; straits, difficulties, perplexities.
angust•us, -a, -um, adj. [angō, squeeze], compressed, confined, narrow; in angustō, in a critical condition.
anim•a, -ae, $f$., breath, life, soul. animad•vertō, -vertere, -vertī, -versum [animus, mind + ad + vertō, turn], turn the mind to; notice; animadvertere in, punish.
animeal, -ālis, $n$. [anima, breath], animal, living (and breathing) creature.
anim•us, -ī, m., mind, intellect; feelings; character; spirit, soul; resolution, courage; animī causā, for amusement; in animō habēre, intend.
ann•us, -ī, m., year. $\dagger$
ante (1) $a d v$., before, above, previously; (2) prep. with acc., before, in front of, in advance of. $\dagger$
antecurs.or, -ōris, $m$. [currō, run], forerunner; pl., vanguard.
ante•ferō, -ferre, -tulī, -lātum [ferō, carry. App. \$81], carry or bear before; prefer.
aper.iō, -īre, -uī, -tum, open, expose.
Apoll•ō, -inis, m., the god Apollo.
appellō, 1 , call, name, call by name, accost.
appropinquō, $1[$ ad + propinquus, near], come near, come close, approach.
Apr. = Aprīl•is, -e, adj., of (the month of) April.
April•is, -e, adj., of (the month of) April.
apud, prep. with acc., at, among, near, with; (with persons) at the house of, in the presence of. $\dagger$ aqua, -ae, $f$., water.
aquil•a, -ae, $f$., an eagle; a military standard (the aquila was the main standard of the legion).
aquili•fer, -ferī, $m$. [aquila, eagle

+ ferō, carry], standard-bearer.
Aquītān•ī, -ōrum, $m$., the Aquitani or Aquitanians (a people located on the Atlantic
coast above the Pyrenees, the mountains that separate the Iberian peninsula from Gaul).
Aquītān•us, -a, -um, adj., Aquitanian, of Aquitania.
Arar, -is, m. (acc.: -im), Arar (river); now called Saône.
arbitror, 1 , decide, think, believe. $\dagger$
arcess $\cdot \bar{o}$, -ere, $-\bar{i} \overline{1} \overline{1},-i ̄ t u m$, summon, send for, invite.
ārd.eō, -ēre, ārsī, ārsum, burn, blaze, be inflamed, be eager.
argill•a, -ae, $f$., white clay. ārid•us, -a, um, adj. [areō, be dry], dry; neut. as noun: dry land.
Ariovist•us, - $\overline{\mathbf{1}}, m$., Ariovistus, a Germanic king.
arm•a, -ōrum, n. pl., arms, equipment, weapons; $b y$ metonymy: battle, war. $\dagger$
armāment•a, -ōrum, n. pl. [armō, arm], implements, gear; tackle or rigging (of a ship).
Arpīnē॰ius, -ī, m., Gaius Arpineius, an equestrian in Caesar's army.
arrip $\cdot i \bar{o}$, -ere, -uī, arreptum [ad + rapiō, seize], take or seize hurriedly.
ars, artis, $f$., skill, art; $p l$. the arts.
arti•ficium, -ficī, $n$. [ars, art + faciō, make], a trade, handicraft; artifice, trick.
a.scendō, -scendere, -scendī, -scēnsum [ad + scandō, climb], climb up, ascend, mount, climb.
a•scīscō, -scīscere, -scīvī, -scītum [ad + scīscō, approve], approve, admit or receive (as allies).
assistō, assistere, astitī, - [ad + sistō, stand], stand by, stand near.
ascēns•us, -ūs, $m$. [ascendō, climb up], ascent, approach, climbing up.
asp•er, -era, -erum, adj., rough, violent.
at, conj., but, at least. $\dagger$
atque, ac (ac only before
consonants, atque before vowels
and consonants), usually adds something especially important, while et usually adds things of equal importance; and also, and even, and; after words expressing a comparison or difference: than, as, from. $\dagger$
Atre•bās, -bātis, m., an
Atrebatian; pl. the Atrebates.
at texō, -texere, -texuī, -textum [ad + texō, weave], weave on.
atting• $\bar{o}$, -ere, attigī, attactum [ad + tangō, touch], touch or border on, reach, extend to, arrive at, attain.
at tribuō, -tribuere, -tribuī, -tribūtum [ad + tribuō, assign], assign, allot.
auctor, -is, $m$. [augē̄, increase], one who produces, creates, or originates; promoter, instigator, advisor, author.
auctōriotās, -tātis, $f$. [auctor, producer], influence, character, authority, reputation.
audācter, $a d v$. [audāx, bold], boldly, fearlessly, daringly. Comp. audācius; superl. audācissimē.
aud.eō, -ēre, ausus sum (App. \$74), dare, risk, venture.
audiō, 4 , hear, hear of; dictō audiēns, obedient.
auge•ō, -ēre, auxī, auctum, increase, augment, enhance, add to.
aurīg•a, -ae, $m$., charioteer.
Aurunculēi•us, -ī, $m$., Lucius
Aurunculeius Cotta, one of Caesar's lieutenants.
aut, conj., used where the difference is important or exclusive, or; aut . . . aut, either . . . or. $\dagger$
autem, conj., but (a weak adversative); however, on the other hand; now; moreover. $\dagger$ auxilior, 1 [auxilium, help], help, give aid, assist, render assistance.
auxil•ium, -ī, $n$. [augē̄, increase], help, assistance, aid; pl., auxiliary troops; reinforcements.
āvert•ō, -ere, -ī, āversum [ab + vertō, turn], turn away from or away, turn aside; turn back, repulse; perf. part. as adj.: with back turned.
B.
balte•us, -ī, $m$., sword belt.
Balven•tius, -tī, $m$., Titus
Balventius, one of Caesar's centurions.
barbareus, -a, -um, adj., foreign (to Romans and Greeks), uncivilized; pl. as noun: barbarians.

Belg•ae, -ārum, m., the Belgians or Belgae (a people located in northern Gaul along the English Channel). $\dagger$
Belg.ium, $-\overline{1}, n$., the territory belonging to the Belgae.
bellō, 1 , make war, carry on war, wage war.
Bellovac•ī, -örum, $m$., the Bellovaci (a Belgic people).
bell.um, -ī, $n$., war. $\dagger$
benefi•cium, -cī, $n$. [bene, well + faciō, do], benefit, favor, kindness, good deed.
benevolenti•a, -ae, $f$. [bene, well + volō, wish], goodwill, kindness.
Bibract•e, -is, n., Bibracte; capital of the Aedui.
bīdu•um, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. [bis, twice + diēs, day], space or period of two days.
bienn•ium, $-\mathbf{1}, n$. [bis, twice + annus, year], two years.
bipertītō, $a d v$. [bis, twice + partior, divide], in two parts or divisions, in two ways.
Bōi•ī, -ōrum, m., the Boii, a Celtic tribe in southern Germany and Cisalpine Gaul who had once been powerful.
bon•us, -a, -um, adj., good, beneficial, profitable, welldisposed; (with animō) friendly; as noun, bon•um, -ī, n., profit, advantage; bon•a, -ōrum, n. pl., goods, property, estate; bon•ī, -ōrum, m. pl., the good (people), good men, good citizens. Comp.: melior; superl.: optimus (App. \$42).
brev•is, -e, $a d v$., short, brief, transitory.
Britanni•a, -ae, f., Britannia, Britain. $\dagger$
C.
C., abbr. for praenomen Gāius.
C., sign for centum, one hundred.
cad-ō, -ere, cecidī, cāsum, fall; fall in battle, be killed, die.
caed•ēs, -is, $f$. [caedō, cut], slaughter, massacre, murder.
caelest.is, -e, adj. [caelum, sky], what is in the sky, heavenly, celestial; pl. as noun: the gods (who live in the sky).
Caes•ar, -aris, m., (1) Gaius Julius
Caesar, general in Gaul and author of the Commentaries; (2) Lucius Julius Caesar, Caesar's relative and one of his lieutenants. $\dagger$
caesp.es, -itis, $m$., sod, turf.
calami•tās, -tātis, f., disaster, misfortune, defeat.
cap.iō, -ere, cēpī, captum, take, capture, seize, catch; take in, beguile, induce; take up (arms); choose, select (a place); form; adopt (a plan); reach; arrive at (a place); make (a beginning); collem capere, take a position on a hill; fugam capere, take to flight. $\dagger$
captīv•us, -a, -um, adj. [capiō, take], prisoner, captive.
Carnut-ēs, -um, m., the Carnutes (a people in central Gaul).
carrous, -ī, m., cart, wagon.
car-us, -a, -um, adj., dear, precious.
cas•a, -ae, $f$., hut, barrack.
Cass•ius, $-\mathbf{i}, m$., Lucius Cassius
Longinus, consul in 107 вСе, defeated and slain in battle by the Tigurini.
Castic•us, $-\mathbf{1}, m$., Casticus, an important man among the Sequani.
castr•a, -ōrum, n. pl. [castrum, fortress], camp, fortified camp; castra facere or pōnere, pitch camp; castra movēre, break camp. $\dagger$
cās•us, -ūs, $m$. [cadō, fall], what befalls: accident, chance, misfortune, fate; crisis; cāsū, by chance.
Catamantaloed•is, -is, m., Catamantaloedis, a leader among the Sequani before Caesar's day.
catēn•a, -ae, $f$., chain, fetter.
Catuvolc•us, -ī, m., Catuvolcus, a leader among the Eburones who eventually poisons himself when things go badly for him.
caus•a, -ae, $f$., cause, reason, grounds, motive; situation, condition; a (legal) case, cause; causam dicere, to plead a case; causā, following a gen., for the sake of, for the purpose of, for. $\dagger$ cēd•ō, -ere, cessī, cessum, go, go away; give way, yield, retreat. celeriıtās, -tātis, $f$. [celer, swift], quickness, speed, swiftness. $\dagger$
celeriter, $a d v$. [celer, swift], quickly, rapidly, speedily.
Celt.ae, -ārum, $m$., the Celts or Kelts, the Celtae.
centum (C.), indecl. card. number, one hundred.
centuri•ō, -ōnis, $m$. [centum, hundred], centurion, the commander of the century, a unit corresponding to one-sixtieth of a legion.
certām•en, -inis, $n$. [certō, struggle], strife, struggle, contest, combat.
certē, $a d v$. [certus, certain], certainly, at least, at all events.
cert•us, -a, -um, adj., decided, certain, sure, fixed; certiōrem facere, inform (with acc. and inf.); order (with ut or nee and the subjunctive); certior fierī, be informed. $\dagger$
cèter•ī, -ae, -a, adj., the rest of, the remainder; as noun: the rest, the remaining, the others.
Ceutron•ēs, -um, $m$., the
Ceutrones: (1) a Belgic people subject to the Nervii or (2) a people living in the eastern part of the Roman Province.
cibāri•us, -a, -um, adj. [cibus, food], pertaining to food; $n$. pl. as noun: provisions; molita cibāria, flour, meal.
Cicer•ō, -ōnis, m., Quintus Tullius Cicero, brother of the more famous orator and consul of 63 bce, Marcus Tullius Cicero. He served as one of Caesar's legates. $\dagger$
cing•ō, -ere, cīnxī, cīnctum, encircle, surround, invest, encompass; man (a wall).
circiter, $a d v$. about, around, near. $\dagger$
circuitous, -ūs, $m$. [circumeō, go around], a going around; a winding path; circumference, circuit.
circum, prep. with acc. [circus, circle], around, about, near.
circumcīd•ō, -ere, -ī, circumcīsum [circum, around + caedō, cut], cut around, cut off, cut; isolate.
circum•dō, -dare, -dedī, -datum [dō, put], put around, encompass, surround.
circumosistō, -sistere, -stitī, [sistō, stand], stand, flock or rally around, surround, hem in.
circum.spiciō, -spicere, -spexī, -spectum [speciō, look], look (around) for or at, consider, examine.
circum•veniō, -venīre, -vēnī, -ventum [veniō, come], come or get around, surround, cut off, beset; betray, defraud. $\dagger$
citō, $a d v$., quickly, speedily. Comp. citius; superl. citissimē.
cīvi•tās, -tātis, $f$. [cīvis, citizen], citizenship; the citizens (as forming a community), state, city. $\dagger$
clam, $a d v$., secretly.
clāmitō, 1 [frequentative of clāmō, cry out], cry out repeatedly, exclaim.
clām•or, -ōris, $m$. [clamō, cry out], outcry, noise, shouting, clamor.
clārous, -a, -um, adj., clear, loud.
clēmenti•a, -ae, $f$. [clēmēns, gentle], gentleness, kindness, mercy, clemency.
cliēns, clientis, $m ., f$. [clueō, hear, obey], client, vassal, dependent, retainer.
co•emō, -emere, -ēmī, -ēmptum [emō, buy], buy, buy up.
coepī, coepisse (App. \$86), began, commenced, undertook; coeptus, perf. part., begun, commenced. $\dagger$
cōgitō, 1 [co + agitō, consider], consider thoroughly or carefully, ponder, reflect; think, purpose, plan.
cog•nōscō, -nōscere, -nōvī, -nitum [co + (g)nōscō, learn], learn, ascertain; study, investigate; perf., I have learned, and thus: I know (App. §193, I, a.). $\dagger$
cōgō, cōgere, coēgī, coāctum [co + agō, drive], drive or bring together, collect, draw together, assemble, force, compel. $\dagger$
cohores, -tis, f., cohort. $\dagger$
cohortor, 1 [co + hortor, encourage], encourage greatly, cheer, animate.
commentāri•us, $\mathbf{- 1}, m$. [commentor, consider], notebook, sketchbook, memorandum, journal; sketch, memorandum, report; explanation, commentary.
conoiciō, -icere, -iēcī,-iectum [co + iaciō, throw. App. \$7], hurl, throw, cast; put; put together (logically), conjecture; in fugam conicere, put to flight.
colligō, 1 [con + ligō, bind], bind or fasten together.
col•ligō, -ligere, -lēgī, -lēctum [con + legō, gather], gather together, collect; acquire; sē colligere, collect oneself: rally, recover.
collocō, 1 [con + locō, place], place, set, station; arrange; nūptum collocāre, to give in marriage. $\dagger$
collo•quium, -quī, $n$. [colloquor, talk together], talking together; conference, parley, interview.
col•loquor, -loquī, -locūtus sum [con + loquor, talk], speak with, converse, confer, have a conference. $\dagger$
colō, colere, coluī, cultum, cultivate, dwell in; honor, worship.
comb•ūrō, -ūrere, -ussī, -ustum [con + ūrō, burn], burn up.
commeāt•us, -ūs, $m$. [commeō, go back and forth], trip, voyage; supplies, provisions.
commemorō, 1 [memorō, call to mind], remind one of; state, mention.
commendō, 1 [mandō, entrust], entrust, surrender.
commeō, 1 [mē̄, go], go back and forth; with ad, resort to, visit.
comminus, adv. [manus, hand], hand to hand, in close combat.
com•mittō,-mittere,-mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], join, splice; commit (a crime), do; allow, permit; entrust; proelium committere, join or begin battle.

Com•mius, -mī, $m$., Commius, a leader of the Atrebates. He was loyal to Caesar until 52 BCE when he led troops in support of the general Gallic revolt.
commodē, adv. [commodus, convenient], conveniently; readily, easily, fitly: satis commodē, to great advantage, very easily.
commod•us, -a, -um, adj. [modus, measure], in full measure: convenient, suitable, satisfactory.
commod.um, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. [commodus, convenient], convenience, interest, advantage.
commūnicō, 1 [commūnis, common], make common, communicate, impart, share.
commūn•is, -e, adj. common, general; rēs commūnis, the common interest. $\dagger$
comparō, 1 [parō, prepare], prepare, get ready; acquire, gain, secure, prepare for.
com•periō, -perīre, -perī, -pertum [pariō, procure], find out with certainty, discover, ascertain.
com•pleō, -plēre, -plēvī, -plētum [obs.: pleō, fill], fill up or completely; complete; cover.
complūr•ēs, -a, adj. [plūs, more], several, many; a great many.
comportō, 1 [portō, carry], carry together, collect, bring.
com•prehendō, -prehendere, -prehendī, -prehēnsum [prehendō (=prendō), seize], grasp or lay hold of, seize, catch, arrest, take, catch (fire).
con•cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī, -cessum [cēdō, go], go away, depart, withdraw; grant, yield; allow, permit.
con $\cdot \mathrm{cī} \mathrm{dō}$, -cīdere, -cīsī, -cīsum
[caedō, cut], cut down, kill, slay, cut off.
con.cidō, -ere, -cidī, —, [cadō, fall], fall down, fall.
conciliō, 1 [concilium, assembly], bring together; gain or win over, secure; reconcile, conciliate.
conciloium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. , assembly, gathering, council.
concitō, 1 [citō, put in motion], stir up, rouse, instigate, incite.
conclāmō, 1 [clāmō, shout], shout out, call aloud, yell.
con $\cdot$ currō, -currere, -cursī, -cursum [currō, run], run or rush together; hurry, run, rush; run to the rescue; come, gather.
concursō, 1 [frequentative of concurrō, run], run about.
concurs-us, -ūs, $m$. [concurrō, run], a running together, attack, onset; collision.
condici•ō,--ōnis, $f$. , condition, state; agreement, stipulation, terms.
con•dūcō, -dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum [dūcō, lead], lead or bring together, assemble, conduct; hire.
cōnfectus, see cōnficiō.
cōn•ferō, -ferre, contulī, collātus
[ferō, bring. App. \$81], bring or get together, collect, gather, carry, bring; crowd together; ascribe to; put off, defer; compare; sē cōnferre, betake oneself, take refuge.
cōnfert•us, -a, -um, adj. [perf. part. of cōnferciō, crowd together], dense, thick, compact, stuffed.
cōnfestim, $a d v$., hastily, at once, immediately.
cōn•ficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum [faciō, make], make or do thoroughly, complete, accomplish, finish; finish up, exhaust, weaken; furnish; dress or treat (leather).
cōn•fīdō, -fīdere, -fīsī, -fīsum [fīdō, trust. App. \$74], trust completely, rely on, feel confident, hope; cōnfīsus, perf. part with pres. meaning: relying on.
cōnfīnoium, - $\mathbf{i}$, $n$. [fīnis, boundary], common boundary, neighborhood.
cōnfirmō, 1 [firmō, strengthen], establish, strengthen, encourage, console; declare, assert.
cōn•fi teor, -fitērī, -fessus sum
[fateor, confess], acknowledge, confess.
cōnflagrō, 1 [flagrō, burn], burn, be on fire.
cōnflīctō, 1 [freq. of cōnflīgō], strike together; in the pass.: be distressed.
cōn•flīgō, -flīgere, -flīxī, -flīctum
[flīgō, strike], strike against; contend, fight.
coniūnctim, $a d v$. [coniungō, join], jointly.
conoiungō, -iungere, -iūnxī, -iūnctum [coniungō, join], join with or together, connect, unite, bind.
coniūrāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [coniūrō, swear], a swearing together; plot, conspiracy; secret organization; confederacy; gang.
cōnor, 1, try, attempt, endeavor. cōn.scendō, -scendere, -scendī, -scēnsum [scandō, climb], climb, mount; go on board, embark.
cōn.scīscō, -scīscere, -scīvī, -scītum [scīscō, resolve], resolve upon; sibi mortem conscīscere, commit suicide. cōn.scrībō, -scrībere, -scrīpsī, -scrīptum [scrī̄bō, write], write together in a list: levy, enroll, enlist; write.
cōnsecrō, 1 [sacrō, dedicate], dedicate, consecrate.
cōnsecūtus, see cōnsequor.
cōn•sentiō, -sentīre, -sēnsī, -sēnsum [sentiō, feel], think together: agree, combine.
cōn•sequor, -sequī, -secūtus sum [sequor, follow], follow up; go after, pursue; reach, overtake; gain, attain, accomplish; ensue, succeed.
cōn•sīdō, -sīdere, -sēdī, -sessum
[sīdō, sit down], sit down together, settle; take a position.
cōnsili•um, $-\mathbf{i}, ~ n .$, consultation, deliberation; counsel, advice; plan, design; measure, course of action; judgement; prudence, wisdom; an assembly for deliberation, council, council of war; commūnī cōnsiliō, by, or in accordance with, general action; pūblicō cōnsiliō, by action of the state; cōnsilium capere or inīre, form or adopt a plan; cōnsilium habēre, think, consider. $\dagger$ cōn.sistō, -sistere, -stitī̀, [sistō, stand], take a stand or position, keep one's position, stand, form (when soldiers make a formation); stop, halt, remain, stay; (of ships) lie at anchor; consist in, depend or rest on. cōnspectous, -ūs, $m$. [conspiciō, look at], sight, view; presence. cōn spiciō, -spicere, -spexī, -spectum [speciō, look], look at, observe, discern, perceive. cōnspicor, 1 [speciō, look], observe, discern, perceive. cōnstipō, 1 , press or crowd closely. cōn.stituō, -stituere, -stituī, -stitūtum [statuō, set up], set up, erect, construct, appoint, decide, decree, determine, establish, set, settle; (of troops) draw up (in formation); (of ships) anchor, station; raise (a legion). + cōn•stō, -stāre, -stitī, -stātum [stō, stand], stand firm; depend on; be complete; cost; impers.: it is agreed, certain, evident, or known.
cōn•suēscō, -suēscere, -suēvī, -suētum [suēscō, become used to], become accustomed or used to; perf.(App. \$193, I, a.), be accustomed; cōnsuētus, perf. part. as adj.: accustomed, usual. $\dagger$ cōnsuētūd•ō, -inis, $f$. [cōnsuēscō, become accustomed], habit, custom, practice; mode of life, "lifestyle."
cōn•sul, -sulis, m., consul, one of the two chief magistrates elected annually at Rome.
cōnsul•ō, -ere, -uī, -tum, take counsel, consult, consider; with dat.: take counsel for, consider the interests of, take care for; spare.
cōn•sūmō, -sūmere, -sūmpsī, -sūmptum [sūmō, take], take together or all at once: devour, consume, destroy; use up, waste, pass.
cōn•surgō, -surgere, -surrēxī, -surrectum [surgō, rise], arise together, arise in a body, arise.
contabulō, 1 [tabula, board], floor over, build in multiple stories, build up.
contāgi•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [contingō, touch], contact.
contempti•0̄, -ōnis, $f$. [contemnō, despise], disdain, contempt.

## con $\begin{gathered}\text { tendō, -tendere, -tendī, }\end{gathered}$

 -tentum [tendō, stretch], push forward, hasten; march; strive, contend, fight; be anxious for; maintain, insist.contenti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [contendō, strive], striving, struggle, contest, dispute.
con•texō, -texere, -texuī, -textum [texō, weave], weave or bind together, connect.
contigī, see contingō.
contin•ēns, -entis, adj. [contineō, hold together], holding together; continuous, unbroken; neighboring; as noun, mainland, continent.
continenter, $a d v$. [continēns, continuous], without interruption, continually, continuously.
con॰tineō, -tinēre, -tinuī, -tentum [teneō, hold], hold together; hold, keep, restrain; bound, shut up, contain; sē continēre, with abl., remain in, on, or within. $\dagger$
conotingō, -tingere, -tigī, -tāctum [tangō, touch], touch, reach; extend to; befall, happen to.
continu•us, -a, -um, adj. [contineō, hold together], holding together, unbroken, uninterrupted, continuous.
contrā, adv. and prep. with acc.: (1) as adv.: against him or them; on the other hand; contrā atque, contrary to what; (2) as prep., against, contrary to; opposite, facing.
contrōversi•a, -ae, $f$. [contrā, against + versus, turned], dispute, argument, quarrel, controversy. $\dagger$
contumēli•a, -ae, f., affront, indignity, insult; injury, violence.
convallois, -is, $f$. [vallis, valley], enclosed valley, defile.
con•veniō, -venīre, -vēnī, -ventum [veniō, come], come together, assemble; convene, meet; come to, arrive; to be agreed upon; impers.: be convenient, suitable, or necessary. $\dagger$
convent•us, - $\overline{\mathbf{u} s,} m$. [conveniō, come together], a coming together, meeting, assembly; court.
con•vertō, -vertere, -vertī, -versum [verto, turn], turn completely, turn around, wheel around; turn, change; signa convertere, (turn) about face.
co•orior, -orīrī, -ortus sum [orior, rise], arise, spring up, break out.
cōpi•a, -ae, f., supply, plenty, abundance, number; $p l$.: resources; forces, troops. $\dagger$
cor, cordis, $n$., heart.
cotīdiān•us, -a, -um, $a d j$. [cotīdiē, daily], every day, daily; usual, customary.
cotīdiē, adv. [quot, how many + diēs, day], daily, every day.
Cott•a, -ae, m., Lucius Aurunculeius Cotta, one of Caesar's lieutenants.
Crass•us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$., Marcus Licinius Crassus, (together with Pompey) political ally and supporter of Caesar, consul in 55 BCE, is
killed while leading the Parthian expedition of 53 BCE; (2) his younger son, Publius Licinius Crassus, who served as one of Caesar's lieutenants 58-56 BCE; died in battle with his father in Parthia in 53 BCE; and (3) an elder son, Marcus Licinius Crassus, who served as one of Caesar's quaestors after his brother left Gaul.
crāt•es, -is, f., wickerwork; fascine (a bundle of sticks used for filling trenches).
crēb•er, -ra, -rum, adj., thick, close, repeated, numerous, frequent, at short intervals. Comp.: crēbrior; superl.: crēberrimus (App. \$40).
crēd•ō, -ere, -idī, -itum, believe, suppose; entrust.
cremō, 1 , burn.
cruciāt॰us, - $\mathbf{u} s, m$. [cruciō, torture; crux, cross (used for crucifixion)], torture, torment.
culp•a, -ae, $f$., blame, fault, guilt.
cultous, - $\overline{\text { ūs, }} m$. [colō, cultivate], cultivation, civilization; mode of life, lifestyle; dress; religious worship.
cum, conj., when, as, while; after, as soon as; whenever; since, because; although; cum tum, not only ... but also, both ... and; cum primum, as soon as. See App. $\mathbb{S} \$ 238-242 . \dagger$
cum, prep. with abl., with, along with, together with. $\dagger$
cūnctor, 1 , delay, hesitate, be reluctant.
cupidē, $a d v$. [cupidus, desirous], desirously, eagerly.
cupidi॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [cupidus, eager], eagerness, desire, greed, avarice.
cupid•us, -a, -um, adj. [cupiō, desire], eager, desirous, zealous, fond.
cūrō, 1 [cūra, care], care for, take care of, provide for; with gerundive (App. \$285, II, b.): have, order.
currous, -ūs, $m$., chariot.
curs•us, - $\overline{\mathbf{u}}$, $m$. [currō, run], running, speed; course, career; pasage, voyage.
D.
D., sign for quīngentī, five hundred.
d. = diem.
damnō, 1 [damnum, damage],
declare guilty, sentence, condemn.
dē, prep. with abl., originally expressing motion from; (1) of place, from, down from, away from, out of; (2) of time, just after, about; (3) variously translated in other relations, about, concerning, of, from, in accordance with, for. $\dagger$
dēbeō, 2 [dē + habeō, have], have, or keep from someone: owe; with inf:: ought, must, have to; pass.: be due.
dē•cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī, -cessum [cēdō, go], go from or away, depart, withdraw, leave, forsake; die.
decem (X), indecl. card. number, ten.
dē.cernō, -cernere, -crēvī, -crētum [cernō, separate; decide], decide, vote, decree.
dēclīv•is, -e, adj. [clīvus, a slope], sloping downward, declining; $n$. pl. as noun: slopes.
dē॰decus, -oris, $n$. [decus, honor], dishonor, disgrace.
dēditus, see dēdō.
dē•dō, -dere, -didī, -ditum [dō, give], give up, give over, yield, surrender; devote; sē dēdere, submit, surrender.
dē•dūcō,-dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum [dūcō, lead], lead down, lead away, withdraw; bring, conduct, lead; influence; launch (ships); give in marriage.
dēfecti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [dēficiō, fail], falling away, desertion, revolt.
dēfēnsor, -is, $m$. [dēfendō, defend], defender, protector; (means of) defense.
dē•ferō, -ferre, -tulī, -lātum [ferō, carry. App. \$81], bring from, bring down, carry, take; report, disclose; bring before, refer; bestow, confer; dēlātus (sometimes), falling; coming by chance.
dē.ficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum [faciō, make], fail, desert, fall away, revolt.
dē•fīgō, -fīgere, -fīxī, -fīxum [fīgō, fix], fix or fasten down, drive in, plant.
dē。fugiō, -fugere, -fūgī, -fugitum [fugiō, flee], flee from, run away, shun.
dē•iciō, -icere, -iēcī, -iectum [iaciō, throw. App. S7], hurl or cast down; dislodge; kill; foil, disappoint.
deinceps, $a d v$., one after the other, in turn, successively.
deinde, $a d v$. [dē + inde, from there, thence], then, next, after this, thereupon.
dēlīberō, 1 [lībra, balance], weigh well; consider, deliberate.
dēligō, 1 [ligō, bind], bind or tie down, fasten, moor.
dē•ligō, -ligere, -lēgī, -lēctum [legō, choose], pick out, select, choose.
dē•litēscō, -tēscere, -lituī, -
[latēscō, inceptive of lateō, lie hidden], hide oneself, lurk.
dē॰metō,-metere, -messuī, -messum [metō, reap], mow, reap.
dē•migrō, 1 [migrō, move, migrate], move from, move away, emigrate, remove.
dē•mittō,-mittere, -mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], send, thrust, or let down; sink; bow (one's head); sē dēmittere, come or get down, descend; sē animō dēmittere, lose courage; dēmissus, perf. part. as adj.: low.
dēmō, dēmere, dēmpsī, dēmptum [dē + emō, take], take down, remove.
dēmōnstrō, 1 [mōnstrō, show], point out, show, explain, describe; declare, state, say.
dēmum, $a d v$., at length, at last, finally.
dē॰pellō, -pellere, -pulī, -pulsum [pellō, drive], drive from or away, ward off.
dē•pōnō, -pōnere, -posuī, -positum [pōnō, put], lay down, put aside, put away, give up; place, station, deposit.
dē॰prehendō, -prehendere, -prehendī, -prehēnsum [prehendō (=prendō), seize], seize, capture, catch.
dē.scendō, -scendere, -scendī, -scēnsum [scandō, climb], climb down, go down, descend; have recourse (to), resort.
dē•serō, -serere, -seruī, -sertum [serō, entwine, join], disjoin; abandon, desert, forsake; dēsertus, perf. part. as adj.: deserted, solitary.
dē॰siliō, -silīre, -siluī, -sultum [saliō, jump], jump from, leap down, alight, dismount.
dēspērāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [dēspērō, despair], despair, hopelessness.
dèspērō, 1 [spērō, hope], despair, be hopeless, lack confidence; dēspērātus, perf. part.: despaired of; as adj.: desperate.
de.sum, -esse, -fuī, - [sum, be. App. \$66], be lacking, be absent from, fail.
dēturbō, 1 [turbō, disturb], drive off, dislodge.
de•us, -ī (nom. pl.: diī; dat. pl.: dīs), $m$., god.
dē•vehō, -vehere, -vexī, -vectum [vehō, carry], carry away, bring.
dē•voveō, -vovēre, -vōvī, -vōtum [voveō, vow], consecrate, devote; dēvōtus, perf. part. as noun: a sworn follower.
dext•er, -ra, -rum, adj., on the right, right.
dextra, -ae, $f$. [dexter, right; sc. manus, hand], the right hand.
dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dictum, say, tell, speak, express, mention; name, appoint; causam dicere, plead a case; iūs dīcere, administer justice. $\dagger$
d. = diem.
diēs, diēī, m. and f., day; time; in diēs, from day to day; diem ex diē, day after day. $\dagger$
differō, differre, distulī, dīlātum [ferō, carry. App. §81], scatter, spread; put off, defer; be different, differ.
difficil•is, -e, adj. [facilis, easy], not easy, hard, troublesome, difficult.
difficul॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [difficilis, difficult], difficulty, trouble, embarrassment.
dif.fīdō, -fīdere, -fīsī, -fīsum [fìdō, trust. App. \$74], distrust, lack confidence, despair.
digni॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [dignus, worthy], worthiness, dignity, (personal) merit or worth, status, rank.
dīiūdicō, 1 [iūdicō, judge], decide.
dīligenter, $a d v$. [dīligēns, careful], carefully; with exactness, pains, or care.
dīligenti•a, -ae, $f$. [dīligēns, careful], carefulness, painstaking care.
dīligō, -ligere, -lēgī, -lēctum [legō, choose], choose or single out, esteem highly, love.
dīmicō, 1 [micō, brandish], fight, struggle, contend.
dī•mittō, -mittere, -mīsī,-missum [mittō, send], send in different directions, send away, send off, dismiss; break up; let go, let slip, let pass, give up, lose.
Dīs, Dītis, m., Dis, the god Pluto, god of the underworld.
dīs, see deus.
dis- (dī-, dif-, dir-), inseparable prefix, apart, asunder, in different directions; negative: equivalent to English un-, not.
dis•cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī, -cessum [cēdō, go], go away, depart, retire; leave (especially with ab or ex). $\dagger$
disciplīn•a, -ae, $f$. [discō, learn], learning, discipline; instruction, teaching; system.
discō, discere, didicī, -, learn, be taught.
diospergō,-spergere,-spersī, -spersum [spargō, scatter], scatter, disperse.
dis•pōnō, -pōnere, -posuī, -positum [pōnō, put], place apart, place about; distribute, arrange, station.
disputāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [disputō, discuss], argument, discussion.
disputō, 1 [putō, reckon], discuss, debate about.
dissensi•0̄, -ōnis, $f$. [dissentiō, think differently], disagreement, dissension.
dis.sentiō, -sentīre, -sēnsī, -sēnsum [sentiō, feel], differ, disagree.
dis•tribuō, -tribuere, -tribuī, -tribūtum [tribuō, assign], assign, divide, distribute.
distulī, see differō.
dītissimus, superl. of dīves.
diū, $a d v$., for a long time, long;
quam diū, as long as; comp.: diūtius, longer, too long, any longer; superl.: diūtissimē, for the longest time.
dīves, dīvitis, adj., rich, wealthy; superl.: dītissimus.
Dīviciāc•us, -ī, m., Diviciacus, a leader of the Aedui, friendly to the Romans. Caesar pardons Dumnorix at his request.
dī•vidō, -videre, dīvīsī, dīvīsum, divide, distribute, separate; dīvīsus, perf. part. as adj.: divided, distributed, separated.
divin•us, -a, -um, adj. [dīvus, divine], of the gods, divine, sacred.
dō, dare, dedī, datum (App. §85), give, bestow, present, grant, furnish; offer; yield, give up; in fugam dare, put to flight; dare manūs, yield; dare negōtium,
with dat.: employ, engage, direct. (Some compounds of dō are derived from an obs. verb, dō, put.) $\dagger$
doceō, docēre, docuī, docitum, show, teach, instruct, inform.
dol•or, -ōris, $m$. [doleō, grieve], grief, distress, pain (physical or mental), anguish, annoyance.
domin.us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$, master.
dom.us, -ūs (App. $\$ 29$, d.), f.,
house; home; native country.
dōs, dōtis, $f$. [dō, give], a marriage present, dowry.
Druid•ēs, -um, $m$., the Druids, the priests of the Celts in Gaul and Britain.
dubitāti•̄̄, -ōnis, $f$. [dubitō, doubt], doubt, uncertainty; hesitation.
dubitō, 1 [dubius, doubtful], be uncertain, doubt; hesitate, delay.
dubi•us, -a, -um, adj., uncertain, doubtful.
dūcō, dūcere, dūxī, ductum, lead, conduct, guide, draw; bring, fetch; trace, construct, extend; deem, consider, judge; protract, defer. $\dagger$
dum, conj., while, as long as; till, until. $\dagger$
Dumnoroix, -igis, m., Dumnorix, a leader of the Aeduans, brother of Diviciacus, son-in-law of Orgetorix, enemy of Caesar, and leader of the anti-Roman party. Caesar orders his execution in 54 BCE when he tries to escape.
du•0, -ae, -a (App. \$49), card. num. and adj., two. $\dagger$
duodecim, card. number and adj. [duo, two + decem, ten], twelve.
dūrous, -a, -um, adj., hard, rough, harsh, difficult, dangerous; severe, inclement.
dux, ducis, $m$. [dūcō, lead], leader, commander, general; guide.
E.
$\overline{\mathbf{e}}$ (only before consonants), ex (before vowels and some consonants), prep. with abl., originally expressing motion out of; (1) of place, out of, from, away from; expressing position, in some phrases, on; ūnā exparte, on one side; (2) of time, from, after, since; ex itinere, immediately after the march; (3) variously translated in other relations: from, out of, of, because of, in accordance with; ē regiōne, opposite. $\dagger$
eā, $a d v$. [= eā viā], by that way, there.
Eburōn•ēs, -um, m., the Eburones, a Belgic people who in 54 BCE destroyed troops under the command of Sabinus and Cotta. Afterwards, Caesar almost exterminated them.
ē.discō,-discere, -didicī, [discō, learn], learn thoroughly, learn by heart.
è•dūcō, -dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum [dūcō, lead], lead out, lead forth; draw (a sword).
effēminō, $1[\mathbf{e x}+$ fēmina, woman], make effeminate, weaken.
efferō, efferre, extulī, ēlātum
[ex + ferō, carry. App. \$81], bring or carry out, carry or take away; raise; spread around, publish widely, make known; elate, puff up.
ef.ficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum
[faciō, make], make or do completely, complete, accomplish, construct; make, cause, bring about, render.
ef.fugiō, -fugere, -fūgī, -
[fugiō, flee], flee from, run
away, escape.
ègī, see agō.
egō, meī (App. \$51), first pers. pron., I, me; pl. nōs, we, us, etc.
ē.gredior, -gredī, -gressus sum [gradior, step], step out, go out, come forth, depart; march out, make a sortie; land (from a ship), disembark.
eiusmodī, of such a sort or kind, such.
$\overline{\mathbf{e}} \bullet$ mittō, -mittere, -mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], let go, send out or forth, release; hurl, discharge; drop.
enim, conj., in fact, really; for; sed enim, but in fact, however.
ē•nūntiō, 1 [nūntiō, announce], report, declare, disclose.
eō, īre, ī̄ (īvī), itum (App. \$84),
go, proceed, march, pass.
ē̄, $a b l$. of is.
ē, adv. [old dat. of is], to that place, there (in the sense of thither), to the place (where, etc.), to them (it, him, etc.).
eōdem, adv. [old dat. of īdem], to the same place, to the same point (result, purpose, etc.).
epistol•a, -ae, f., letter, epistle.
equees, -itis, $m$. [equus, horse], a horseman, a rider; pl.: cavalry. Roman society was organized by class or income levels. Originally, those who could afford their own horse were assigned to the cavalry. In Caesar's day, rich men who belonged to this class, even if they did not serve in the cavalry, were called equestrians. Rich Gauls were also called equestrians. $\dagger$
equitāt•us, - -ūs, $m$. [equus, horse], cavalry, horseman. $\dagger$
equ•us, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, m$., horse. $\dagger$
$\overline{\text { è }} \cdot$ ripiō, -ripere, -ripuī, -reptum [rapiō, seize], take away, wrest from, extort, deprive; rescue, relieve, save.
errō, 1, wander; err, be mistaken.
essedāri॰us, -a, -um, adj.
[essedum, war chariot], a soldier who fought from a twowheeled British war chariot. essed.um, $-\bar{i}, n$., a two-wheeled war chariot used by the Britons.
Esuvi•ī, -ōrum, $m$., the Esuvii, $a$ people in northwestern Gaul. et, conj., and; also, too, even; et . . . et, both ... and. $\dagger$
etiam, conj., and also, also, even, yet. +
etsī, conj. [et + sī, if], even if, although.
ē•veniō, -venīre, -vēnī, -ventum [veniō, come], turn out, result.
ēventous, - -ūs, $m$. [ēveniō, turn out], outcome, issue, result, consequence.
ex, see $\overline{\mathbf{e}} . \dagger$
ex•animō, 1 [anima, breath], deprive of breath, render breathless, exhaust; kill.
ex•audiō, 4 [audiō, hear], hear (from a distance).
ex.cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī, -cessum [cēdō, go], go out, go away, withdraw, retire.
ex.cellō, -cellere, —, —, excel, surpass.
excitō, 1 [citō, rouse], call forth, excite, animate, arouse; erect, construct (towers); kindle (fires).
excōgitō, 1 [cōgitō, think], think out, contrive, devise, invent.
excruciō, 1 [cruciō, torture; crux, cross (used for crucifixion)], torture severely, torment.
ex•eō, -īre, -iī, -ītum [ē̄, go. App. \$84], go from, go out, depart from, leave.
exercitāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$.
[frequentative of exercitō, from exerceō, exercise], exercise, training, practice, experience.
exercit.us, -ūs, $m$. [exerceō, exercise], a trained or disciplined body of men, an army. $\dagger$
ex•hauriō, -haurīre, -hausī, -haustum [hauriō, drain], draw out, empty.
exigui॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [exiguus, scanty], scantiness, meagerness, shortness, dearth, want.
exīstimāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [exīstimō, estimate], judgement, opinion.
exīstimō, 1 [aestimō, reckon], estimate, reckon, think, consider. $\dagger$
exit.us, - $\overline{\mathbf{u} s,} m$. [exeō, go out], a going out, exit, passage; issue, result, end.
expediō, 4 [pēs, foot], set free; arrange, prepare.
expedītous, -a, -um, adj. [perf. part. of expediō, set free], unimpeded, free, unobstructed; without baggage; light armed; as noun: a light-armed soldier.
ex•pellō, -pellere, -pulī, -pulsum [pellō, drive], drive out, drive forth, expel.
explōrō, 1 , search or find out, investigate, spy out, reconnoiter.
ex.sequor, -sequī, secūtus sum [sequor, follow], follow out, enforce.
ex•sistō, -sistere, stitī, - [sistō, stand], stand or come forth, appear, arise; ensue.
exspectō, 1 [spectō, look at], look out for, await, expect; wait to see; anticipate, apprehend.
ex.stinguō, -stinguere, -stīnxī, -stinctum, put out, quench; destroy.
ex.struō, -struere, -strūxī, -strūctum [struō, build], build or pile up; construct, build.
extrā, adv. and prep. with acc., out of, outside of, beyond, without.
extrēm.us, -a, -um, adj. [superl. of exterus. App. \$44], outermost, utmost, farthest, extreme; the farthest part of; extrēmī (as noun), the rear ("the ones at the back"); ad extrēmum, at last, at the end; as a last resort.
ex.ūrō, -ūrere, -ussī, -ustum [ex + ūro, burn], burn up.
F.

Fab•ius, - $\mathbf{i}$, $m$. (1) Quintus Fabius
Maximus, victor over the Gallic
Allobroges, Arverni, and Ruteni, in 121 bCE, after which he was also called Allobricus. (2) Gaius Fabius, one of Caesar's lieutenants. (3) Lucius Fabius, a centurion of the 8th legion; killed at Gergovia.
facile, adv. [facilis, easy], easily, readily. Comp.: facilius; superl.: facillimé (App. \$41). $\dagger$
facil•涫, -e, adj. [faciō, do], easy. $\dagger$
fac $\cdot \mathbf{i o ̄}$, -ere, fêcī, factum, make, construct, form, do, execute (commands, etc.); give (opportunity, etc.); with ut, bring about, cause; intransitive: do, act. Pass.: fī̀, fierī, factus sum (App. \$83), with pass. meanings, and, used impers., result, happen, come to pass. $\dagger$
facin.us, -oris, $n$. [faciō, do], deed; misdeed, outrage, crime.
facul॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [facilis, easy], power; opportunity, chance; resources, supply.
fals.us, -a, -um, adj. [perf. part. of fallō, deceive], false.
falx, falcis, $f$. , sickle, pruning hook; hook (for pulling down walls).
fām•a, -ae, $f$. [färī, to speak], common talk, rumor, report, reputation, fame.
fameēs, -is, f., starvation, hunger.
famili•a, -ae, $f$., household
(including slaves); retinue (including all dependents); family.
familiär•is, -e, adj. [familia, household], personal, private; as noun: intimate friend; rēs familiäris, personal property, estate.
fās, n., indeclin., divine law, religiously correct, right, proper, permissable. Compare: iūs, human law.
fem-ur, -oris or-inis, $n$., the thigh.
ferē, adv., almost, nearly, about, for the most part. $\dagger$
ferō, ferre, tulī, lātum (App. \$81), carry, bear, bring; endure, suffer, support, withstand; receive; tell, report, give, render (aid); offer, propose (terms); graviter or molestē ferre, be annoyed or angry at; passive (sometimes) rush. In the intransitive, almost $=$ $v e r b$ to be. +
ferrāment.um, -ī, $n$. [ferrum, iron], an iron tool or implement.
ferroum, -i, $n$., iron; tool; sword.
ferve ${ }^{\text {faciō, -facere, -fēcī, }}$ -factum [fervē̄, be red hot + faciō, make], heat, melt.
ferv•ēns, -entis, adj. [pres. part. of ferveō, be red hot], heated, glowing, hot.
fid.ēs, -eī, $f$. [fīdō, confide], faith, confidence; faithfulness, loyalty, trustworthiness; allegiance, protection, dependence; pledge, assurance; fidem facere, convince or give a pledge; fīdem sequī, surrender.
figūr•a, -ae, $f$. [fingō, form], form, shape, figure.
fili•a, -ae, f., daughter.
fîloius, $-\mathbf{i}, m$., son.
fīniō, 4 [fīnis, limit], limit, bound; determine, measure.
fīn•is, -is, $m$., boundary, limit, border, end; pl. boundaries; territory, country. $\dagger$
fīnitim•us, -a, -um, adj. [fīnis, limit], bordering on, adjoining, neighboring.
fīo, fierī, factus sum, see faciō.
firmiter, $a d v$. [firmus, firm], firmly.
firm•us, -a, -um, adj., strong, stable, vigorous, firm.
flamm•a, -ae, f., fire, blaze.
flectō, flectere, flexī, flectum, bend, turn, direct.
flètous, -ūs, $m$. [fleō, weep], weeping, lamentation.
flūct•us, -ūs, $m$. [fluō, flow], flood, billow, wave.
flūm•en, -inis, $n$. [fluō, flow], river, stream. $\dagger$
fluō, fluere, flūxī, -, flow, run.
fore $=$ futūrum esse, see sum. $\dagger$
fortois, -e, adj., strong, brave.
fortitūd•ō, -inis, $f$. [fortis, brave], bravery, courage.
fortūn•a, -ae, $f$. [fors, chance], fortune, luck, chance, opportunity, lot, condition; good fortune, success, property, estate. All fortuna was the domain of the goddess Fortuna, a deity Caesar and his troops cultivated with great devotion.
foss•a, -ae, $f$. [perf. part. of fodiō, dig], trench, ditch.
frangō, frangere, frēgī, frāctum, break, wreck; crush, discourage.
frāteer, -ris, $m$., brother.
fremit.us, -ūs, $m$., confusion, noise, uproar.
frūctous, -ūs, $m$. [fruor, enjoy], fruit; profit, reward.
frūmentāri•us, -a, -um, adj. [frūmentum, grain], of or pertaining to grain; of places, fruitful, productive of grain; rēs frūmentāria, grain supply, provisions.
frūmentor, 1 [frūmentum, grain], get grain, forage.
frūment•um, - $\mathbf{i}, n$. , grain; pl.: crops. $\dagger$
fug•a, -ae, f., flight; in fugam conicere or dare, put to flight.
fūm•us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$., smoke.
fund•a, -ae, f., sling.
fūn•is, -is, $m$. , rope, cable.
fūn•us, -eris, $n$., funeral.
fūrtoum, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, n$., theft.
fūsil•is, -e, adj. [fundō, pour], liquid, molten.
G.

Gabin•ius, -ī, $m$., Aulus Gabinius, consul with Lucius Calpurnius Piso in 58 все.
Gaoius, - $\mathbf{i}, m$., a Roman first name, abbreviated $\mathbf{C}$.
Galli•a, -ae, f., Gaul. +
Gallic•us, -a, -um, adj. [Gallia, Gaul], pertaining to Gaul or the Gauls, Gallic.
Gall•us, -a, -um, adj., of Gaul, Gallic; pl. as noun: the Gauls, inhabiting Gaul, Northern Italy, etc. $\dagger$
Garumn•a, -ae, m., the Garumna or Garonne, a river that formed the boundary between Aquitania and Celtic Gaul.
Geidumn•ī, -ōrum, $m$., the Geidumni, a people of Belgic Gaul, clients of the Nervii.
Genav•a, -ae, f., Genava, a city belonging to the Allobroges on the shores of Lacus Lemanus; now called Geneva.
gen.us, -eris, $n$., descent, origin, race, class, tribe, family; kind, nature. $\dagger$
Germān•ī, -ōrum, $m$., the Germani or the Germans. $\dagger$
ger•ō, -ere, gessī, gestum, carry, bear, wield; (of war) carry on, perform, wage, conduct; pass.: be done, go on, occur. $\dagger$
glad•ius, - $-\mathbf{i}, m$., sword.
glān•s, -dis, f., acorn; ball, slug of lead.
glōri•a, -ae, f., glory, renown, honor, fame, reputation.
Gnae-us, -ī, m., a Roman first name, abbreviated Cn.
Graec•us, -a, -um, adj., of or belonging to the Greeks, Greek; pl. as noun: the Greeks.
grāti•a, -ae, f. [grātus, pleasing], favor, goodwill, gratitude, esteem, influence, popularity; grātiās agere, thank; grātiam habēre, to feel grateful; grātiam referre, to return a favor; hanc grātiam referre, to return a favor in this way; grātiam inīre, to gain favor; grātiā, following a gen.: for the purpose of, in order to. grav•is, -e, adj., heavy, oppressive, hard, severe, serious; advanced (in years). $\dagger$
Grudi•ī, -örum, $m$., the Grudii, $a$ Belgic people near the Nervii.
H.
hab-eō, -ēre, -uī, -itum, have, hold, possess; think, consider, regard; deliver (with ōrātiōnem); in animō habēre, intend; ratiōnem habēre, have regard for; take care or see that (followed by an ut clause); cōnsilium habēre, form a plan; in numerō hostium habēre, consider as enemies; aliter sē habēre, be otherwise or be
different; for habēre with the perf. pass. part., e.g., vectīgālia redempta habēre, see App. \$286, b. †
Helveti•us, -a, -um, adj., of the Helvetii, Helvetians; as noun: one of the Helvetii, a Helvetian; $p l$.: the Helvetii or Helvetians. $\dagger$
heredi॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [hērēs, heir], inheritance.
hībern•a, -ōrum, $n$. [deriving from the adj. that modified castra, fortified camp], winter camp, winter quarters. $\dagger$
hic, haec, hoc, demonstrative pron. (App. §54), used for what is close in space, time, or thought: this, this man, this woman, this thing; he, she, it (more emphatic than is, ea, id); abl. sing. hōc, on this account, in this respect; the (with comparatives); hic ... ille, the latter . . . the former. See App. \$170, a. $\dagger$
hiemō, 1 [hiems, winter], pass the winter, winter.
hiem.s, -is, f., wintertime, winter.
hinc, $a d v$., from that point or place, hence.
Hispāni•a, -ae, f., Hispania, Spain.
Hispān•us, -a, -um, adj., Spanish.
hom•ō, -inis, $m$., human being, person (as opposed to animals); $p l .:$ humankind, humanity. $\dagger$
honest•us, -a, -um, adj. [honōs, honor], honorable, worthy, distinguished, eminent.
hon•ōs, -ōris, m., honor, regard, glory, distinction; honorable position, office.
hōr•a, -ae, f., hour. There were twenty-four hours in the Roman day, but they divided those hours into twelve hours of light and twelve hours of darkness (between sunrise and sunset). Except at the equinoxes, the hours were thus not of equal length, and varied according to the season.
hortor, 1, exhort, encourage, incite, urge strongly.
hospitoium, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, n$. [hospes, host or guest], the reciprocal relationship that exists between a host and a guest; friendship, hospitality.
hostois, -is, m. orf., (public) enemy, enemy combatant (as opposed to inimicus, a personal enemy); pl.: the enemy. $\dagger$
hūc, $a d v$. [from hic, this], to this place, hither, here; against these, to these.
hūmāni॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [hūmānus, human], humanity, culture, refinement.
hūmān•us, -a, -um, $a d v$., human; civilized, cultured, refined, cultivated.
humil•is, -e, adj. [humus, the ground], on the ground; low, humble, abject, weak.
humili•tās, -tātis, $f$. [humilis, low], humility, lowness; weakness.
I.
iac•ē̄, -ēre, iacuī, —, lie; lie slain or slaughtered.
iaciō, iacere, iēcī, iactum, throw, cast, hurl; (of an agger, rampart), throw up or together, construct.
iacul•um, -ī, $n$. [iaciō, throw], javelin, spear, dart.
iam, adv., now, at this time;
already, by this time, at last;
really, indeed, even; neque iam
or iam nōn, no longer; ubi iam, as soon as.
ibi, $a d v$., there, in that place.
Īd., $a b b r$. of Īdūs.
idem, eadem, idem (App. \$58),
demon. pron. [is, this, that], the
same; this very; idem atque, the same as. $\dagger$
idōne•us, -a, -um, adj., fit, suitable, adapted.
Īd•ūs, -uum, f.pl., the Ides: the 15th of March, May, July, and October, and the 13th of other months.
ign•is, -is, $m$., fire.
ignōbilis, -e, adj. [in + (g) nōbilis, well-known], unknown, undistinguished, obscure.
ig.nōscō, -nōscere, -nōvī, -nōtum [in + ( $\mathbf{g}$ )nōscēns, knowing (from nōscō, know)], forgive, pardon.
ignōtous, -a, -um, $a d v$. $[\mathbf{i n}+(\mathbf{g})$
nōtus, known (nōscō, know)],
unknown, unfamiliar.
illātus, see īnferō.
ille, illa, illud, gen. illīus, dat. illì (App. \$56), demon. pron. (of what is remote in time, place, thought, etc.; compare hic), that, that man, that woman, that thing; he, she, it; hic... ille, the latter . . . the former, see App. \$170, a. $\dagger$
illigō, 1 [ligō, bind], attach, hold together, bind together.
illūstr•is, -e, adj., distinguished, illustrious.
immān•is, -e, adj., huge, immense.
im•mittō, -mittere, -mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], send or let into, insert; send against, direct toward or against; trabibus immissīs, beams placed between.
immolō, 1 , sacrifice.
immortāl•is, -e, adj. [in + mortālis, mortal], not mortal, immortal, deathless.
immūni•tās, -tātis, $f$. [in + mūnis, burden], freedom from public burdens, duties, or taxes; exemption.
impedīment•um, $-\overline{1}, n$. [impediō, hinder], hindrance, obstacle, impediment; pl.: baggage, luggage (of an army), baggagetrain (including pack animals).
impediō, 4 [in + pēs, foot], entangle the feet, hamper, obstruct, hinder, impede, delay.
im•pellō, -pellere, -pulī, -pulsum [pellō, drive], drive or urge on, incite, instigate, impel.
im•pendeō, -pendēre, -, - [in + pendeō, hang], overhang, impend.
imperāt•or, -ōris, $m$. [imperō, order], commander-in-chief, general.
imperīt•us, -a, -um, adj. [in + perītus, experienced], inexperienced, unskilled, ignorant.
imper.ium, $-\bar{i}, n$. [imperō, order], right to command; authority, supreme power; jurisdiction, dominion, sovereignty; supreme military command, highest official power; command, order.
imperō, 1 [in + parō, procure], demand from, requisition; command, order, instruct, rule.
impetrō, 1, obtain (by request), accomplish, succeed in obtaining (one's request); impetrāre ā (ab), gain permission from, persuade.
impet.us, - $\mathbf{u} s, m$., attack, onset, charge; impetuosity, force, vehemence.
impi•us, -a, -um, adj. [in + pius, loyal], without reverence for gods, parents, country: ungodly, unrespectful, unpatriotic, wicked.
importō, 1 [in + portō, carry], carry or bring in, import.
imprōvīsō, $a d v$. [imprōvīsus, unforeseen], unexpectedly, without warning.
imprōvīs•us, -a, -um, adj. [in + prōvīsus, foreseen], unforeseen, unexpected; dē imprōvīsō, unexpectedly, suddenly.
imprudenti•a, -ae, $f$. [imprūdēns, imprudent], imprudence, lack of foresight or forethought, ignorance, indiscretion.
impuls•us, -ūs, $m$. [impellō, impel], impulse, instigation. in, prep. with acc. and abl. With acc.: (1) of motion, from one place into or toward another place, into, to; in, among; toward, for, against; at; upon; (2) of time, till, into; for; on, at; and (3) other uses, in, in respect to, for, under, over, on; in diēs, from day to day; in fugam conicere, to put to flight; in Caesarem incidere, meet with Caesar; summum in cruciātum venire, be punished with the severest torture. With abl.: (1) of place where or motion within a place, in, among, over, within, throughout, on, upon; (2) of time, in, during, in the course of; on; and (3) other uses, in, in the case of; in consequence of, in view of; on, upon; in Ararī, over the Arar; in eō, in his case; in ancorīs, at anchor; in opere esse, be engaged in the work. $\dagger$ incendium, $-\overline{1}, n$. [incendō, burn], fire, burning, conflagration.
in. cendō, -cendere, -cendī, -cēnsum, set fire to, burn; inflame, excite.
incert-us, -a, -um, adj. [in + certus, decided], undecided, uncertain, untrustworthy; indefinite, vague; disordered.
in•cidō, -cidere, -cidī, — [ad + cadō, fall], fall into or upon; fall in with, meet; happen, arise.
in. cīdō, -cīdere, -cīsī, -cīsum [caedō, cut], cut into.
in $\cdot$ cipiō, -cipere, -cēpī, -ceptum [ad + capiō, take], undertake; begin, commence.
incitō, 1 [citō, put in motion], set in motion; excite, arouse, urge on, stimulate; exasperate; cursū incitātō, at full speed.
incognit.us, -a, -um, adj. [in + cognitus, known], unknown.
incol•ō, -ere, -uī, - [colō, cultivate], inhabit, dwell in, live in.
incolum•is, -e, adj., unhurt, uninjured, safe and sound, unimpaired.
incommodē, $a d v$. [incommodus, inconvenient], inconveniently.
incommod.um, $-\bar{i}, n$. [incommodus, inconvenient], inconvenience, disadvantage, trouble; disaster, defeat, loss, injury.
incrēdibil•is, -e, adj. [in + crēdibilis, believable], unbelievable, incredible, unlikely; extraordinary.
inde, adv., from that place, thence; then, thereupon.
indic•ium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. [indicō, disclose], disclosure, information; per indicium, through informers.
indign•us, -a, -um, adj. [in + dignus, worthy], unworthy, disgraceful.
in•dūcō, -dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum
[dūcō, lead], lead or draw on, induce; influence, instigate; cover.
Indutiomār•us, - $\mathbf{i}, m$.,
Indutiomarus, a leader of the
Treveri, rival to Cingetorix, and hostile to Caesar.
in-eō, -īre, -iī, -itum [ē̄, go.
App. \$84], go into; enter upon, begin; inīre cōnsilium, form; inīre ratiōnem, make an
estimate, decide; inīre grātiam, gain favor; inīre numerum, enumerate.
infer•ior, -ius, comp. of inferus.
īn•ferō, īnferre, intulī, illātum
[ferō, carry. App. \$81], carry
into, import, inflict, cause, produce; cast into; in equum
inferre, mount on a horse;
causā illātā, making an excuse;
signa inferre, advance the standards, attack.
infer•us, -a, -um, adj., low, below; comp.: inferior, lower, inferior; ab inferiōre parte, below, downstream; superl.: infimus or imus, lowest, last with collis (hill), the base of; ad infimum, ab infimō, at the bottom. inimíc•us, -a, -um, $a d j$. [in + amīcus, friendly], unfriendly, hostile; as a noun: personal enemy, rival; as opposed to hostis, public enemy.
inīqu•us, -a, -um, adj. [in + aequus, even, just], uneven; unjust, unfair; unfavorable, disadvantageous.
init•ium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. [ineō, go into], beginning, commencement, origin; edge of a country, borders.
iniūri•a, -ae, $f$. [in + iūs, right], wrong, injustice; outrage, injury, harm, damage, violence.
iniussū, abl. of iniussus, - $\mathbf{u}$ s, $m$. [iubē̄, order], without command or order.
innoc•ēns, -entis, adj. [in + nocēns, harmful], not harmful, innocent.
inopi•a, -ae, $f$. [inops, needy], need, lack, poverty; lack of provisions, hunger.
inqu•am, -is, -it, def. verb used only with direct quotations and following one or more of the words in the quotation, say.
īnosequor, -sequī, -secūtus sum [sequor, follow], follow up, follow after, follow close behind, pursue.
insidi•ae, -ārum, f. pl. [sedeō, sit], a sitting or lying in wait; ambush; treachery; artifice, trick, crafty device.
insinuō, 1 [sinuō, wind], wind into; make one's way into, penetrate.
īn.sistō, -sistere, -stitī, - [sistō, stand], stand upon; stand firm, take a stand; press on, pursue; with ratiōnem, adopt, use.
innostituō, -stituere, -stituī, -stitūtum [statuō, set up], set up or put in order, draw up; train, educate; procure,
prepare; build, construct;
begin, determine, decide upon, adopt; institūtus, perf. part. as adj. (in addition to the definitions above): usual, customary; finished.
īnstitūt•um, -ī, $n$., established plan or principle; custom, institution, habit.
īn•stō, -stāre, -stitī, -stātum [stō, stand], stand upon or near, be at hand, press on; threaten.
instrūment•um, $-\bar{i}, n$. [instruō, build], build upon, build, construct; form, draw up in battle array; equip, furnish.
insuēfact•us, -a, -um, adj. [suēscō, become accustomed, faciō, make], accustomed, trained.
insul•a, -ae, f., island.
intel•legō, -legere, -lēgī, -lēctum [inter + legō, choose, select], select or distinguish between; understand; know; see, perceive, realize; find out, learn.
inter, prep. with acc. (sometimes follows its noun), (1) of place, among, between; (2) of time, during, within, for; (3) in other relations, among, between, in; in among or between, in; in among, between; to; over; along with; (4) with reflex. pron., of reciprocal action (App. \$166), with, to, or from each other or one another, as inter
sē differunt, differ from one another; each other, one another, as, cohortātī inter sē, encouraging one another. $\dagger$
inter•cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī, -cessum [cēdō, go], go or come between, lie between, intervene, be between; pass.
inter-cipiō, -cipere, -cēpī, -ceptum [ad + capiō, take], take or catch between (one point and another); interrupt; intercept; cut off.
inter•clūdō, -clūdere, -clūsī, -clūsum [claudō, shut], shut or cut off, separate, hinder; with itinera, block.
inter•dīcō, -dīcere, -dīxī, -dictum [dīcō, say], prohibit, exclude, forbid, interdict; aquā atque ignī interdicere, forbid the use of fire and water, exile, banish.
intereā, $a d v$., in the meantime, meanwhile.
inter•ē̄, -īre, -iī, -itum [ē, go. App. \$84], perish, die.
inter-ficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum [faciō, make], make away with, kill, destroy. $\dagger$
interim, $a d v$., meanwhile, in the meantime. $\dagger$
interitous, - ūs, $m$. [intereō, die], destruction, death.
inter•mittō,-mittere, -mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], send between; intervene, separate; abate, cease, let up, discontinue; delay, neglect, omit; let pass.
inter•pōnō, -pōnere, -posuī, -positum [pōnō, put], place between, interpose; allege; cause; fidem interpōnere, pledge.
interpr•es, -etis, m. orf., interpreter; mediator.
interpretor, 1 [interpres, interpreter], interpret, explain.
inter.sum, -esse, -fuī, - [sum, be. App. \$66], be or lie between, intervene; be present $a t$, take part in; impers.: interest, it concerns, it is important; there is a difference or an interval; magnī interest, it is of great importance.
intrā, prep. with acc. [inter, between], within, inside, into.
intrō•eō, -īre, -iī, -itum [intrō, within + ē̄, go. App. \$84], go or come in, enter.
intus, $a d v$., within, on the inside.
inūsitāt॰us, -a, -um, adj. [in + ūsitātus, usual], unusual, uncommon, strange, startling.
inūtil•is, -e, adj. [in + ūtilis, useful], useless, worthless, disadvantageous.
invent.or, -ōris, $m$. [inveniō, find], inventor, author.
in•veterāscō, -veterāscere, -veterāvī, -veterātum, grow old; become established.
Iovis, see Iuppiter.
ipse, ipsa, ipsum, gen., ipsīus
(App. \$59), intensive pron., self (as opposed to, someone else); himself, herself, itself,
themselves; he, she, it, they; as adj., very; in gen., his, her, its, or their own. (Not reflexive; for the reflexive pron., compare sē, self, App. \$163.) +
ir•rumpō, -rumpere, -rūpsī, -rūptum [in + rumpō, break], break into, rush into; force a way into, storm.
is, ea, id, gen. eius (App. \$57), weak dem. pron. referring to some person or object named in the context, this, that, these, those; he, she, it, they; the, $a$; is locus quō, a or the place where; ea quae, (the) things which; ē, with comp., the; eō magis, all the more; eō ... quō, with comp.: the . . . the. $\dagger$ ita, $a d v$., so, thus, in this way; as follows; ut... ita, in proportion as ... in such proportion as / as ... so; nōn ita, not so very, not very; ita . . . ut, just . . . as / so . . . that. $\dagger$
itaque, conj. [ita, so], and so, therefore.
Itali•a, -ae, f., Italy, generally Italy below Cisalpine Gaul.
item, adv., in like manner, so, also, just so.
iter, itineris, $n$. [ē̄, go], route, road; journey, march; passage; iter facere, march, travel; magnīs itineribus, by forced marches. $\dagger$
iubeō, iubēre, iussī, iussum, order, command, enjoin, bid. $\dagger$ iūdic•ium, -ī, $n$. [iūdex, judge], judicial proceedings, trial; opinion, judgement; iūdicium
facere, express an opinion; iūdiciō, by design, purposely.
iūdicō, 1 [iūdex, judge], pass judgement on, judge, sentence, decide, determine, think, consider.
iug.um, - $\mathbf{i}, n$. [iungō, join], yoke; ridge, crest.
iūment•um, -ī, $n$. [iungō, join, yoke], yoke, draft, or pack animal, beast of burden.
Iun•ius, - $\mathbf{i}, m$., Quintus Junius, $a$ Spaniard who served in Caesar's army.
Iuppiter, Iovis, $n$. (App. \$27), m., Jupiter, chief god of the Roman state.
Iūr•a, -ae, m., the Jura mountains which stretched from the Rhine to the Rhone, separating the Helvetians from the Sequani. iūs, iūris, $n$., human law, law, justice, right; rights, power, authority. Compare: fās, divine law.
iūs iūrandum, iūris iūrandi, $n$. [iūs, right + iūrō, swear], an oath.
iūstiti•a, -ae, $f$. [iūstus, just], justice, fair dealing, uprightness.
iūst.us, -a, -um, adj. [iūs, right], in accordance with law or right; lawful, valid, just, fair; proper, regular; with fūnera, appropriate, fitting, proper.
iuvent•ūs, -ūtis, $f$. [iūvenis, young], period of youth, from seventeen to forty-five years; the youth, the young men.
K.

Kal., abbr. for Kalend•ae, -ārum, $f$., the Kalends, the first day of the Roman month.
L.
L., abbr. for Lūcius, Lucius, a Roman praenomen.
L., sign for quīnquāgintā, fifty.

Labiēn•us, - $\mathbf{i}, m$., Titus Atius
Labienus, Caesar's most trusted lieutenant in the Gallic War.
During the Civil War, Labienus fought on Pompey's side, and died in battle against Caesar in Munda (in Spain) in 45 все.
lab•or, -ōris, $m$., toil, effort, striving, hardship.
lābor, lābī, lāpsus sum, slip; go wrong; hāc spē lāpsus, disappointed in this hope.
labōrō, 1 [lābor, toil], work hard, toil; be anxious, troubled, or perplexed; labor, suffer, be hard pressed.
lacess•ō, -ere, -īvī, -ītum, arouse, harass, provoke, irritate, attack.
lac•us, -ūs, m., lake.
laetiti•a, -ae, $f$. [laetus, joyful], joy, rejoicing.
langu•or, -ōris, $m$., weakness, faintness.
lap.is, -idis, m., stone.
lāpsus, see lābor.
lātē, $a d v$. [lātus, wide], widely, extensively; longō lātēque, far and wide.
lātitūd•ō, -inis, $f$. [lātus, wide], width, extent, breadth.

Latobrīg•ī, -ōrum, $m$., the
Latobrigi, a Gallic tribe east of the Rhine.
latrōcin•ium, -ī, $n$. [latrō, robber], robbery, brigandage.
lāt•us, -a, -um, adj., wide, broad, extensive.
lat.us, -eris, $n$., side; wing or flank of an army.
lātous, see ferō.
laus, laudis, f., praise, commendation; renown, popularity, glory.
lēgāti•ō, -ōnis, f. [lēgō, delegate], embassy, legation; commission.
lēgāt.us, -ī, $m$.[lēgō, delegate], one with delegated authority; ambassador, envoy, legate; lieutenant. $\dagger$
legi•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [legō, choose], a legion. $\dagger$
Lemann•us, -ī (often with lacus), m., Lake Lemannus, Lake Leman, or Lake Geneva.
lēn•is, -e, adj., gentle, mild, smooth.
Levāc•ī, -ōrum, m., the Levaci, a Gallic tribe between the rivers Marne and Moselle.
levi॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [levis, light], lightness; fickleness, restlessness.
levō, 1 [levis, light], lighten, ease, relieve.
lēx, lēgis, $f$., law, statute.
līber•ī, -ōrum, $m$. [līber, free], the non-slave members of a family or household; children.
līber, -era, -erum, adj., unrestrained, free; undisputed.
līberō, 1 [līber, free], make or set free, release, deliver.
līber•tās, -tātis, $f$. [līber, free], freedom, liberty, independence.
licet, licēre, licuit and licitum est, impers. it is lawful, one has permission, it is permitted, one may, one is allowed; licet mihi, I may; petere ut liceat, to ask permission.
Liger, -ris, $m$. Loire (river).
lignāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [lignum, wood], the procuring of wood, collecting of wood.
lignāt•or, -ōris, m. [lignum, wood], one sent to gather wood, wood-forager.
lingu•a, -ae, $f$., language, tongue.
litter•a, -ae, f., a letter of the alphabet, a written sign, mark, or character; pl.: letters of the alphabet; letter, written message, epistle. $\dagger$
līt•us, -oris, $n$., seashore, beach, shore.
loc•us, -ī, $m$. ( $p l$. loc•a, -ōrum, n.), place, position, locality, situation; topic, subject; condition, state; rank, family; opportunity; obsidum locō, as hostages. $\dagger$
longē, $a d v$. [longus, long], far, far away, distant, longē lātēque, far and wide. $\dagger$
longinqu•us, -a, -um, adj.
[longus, long], far off, distant, remote; long, long continued.
longitūd•ō, -inis, $f$. [longus, long], length, extent; long duration.
long•us, -a, -um, adj.,distant, long; of long duration; tedious. $\dagger$
loquor, loquī, locūtus sum, speak, talk, converse.
lōric•a, -ae, f., coat of mail; parapet, breastwork.
Lūcānoius, -ī, $m$. Quintus Lucanius, a centurion.
Lūci•us, -ī, m., a Roman praenomen, abbreviated $\mathbf{L}$.
lūn•a, -ae, $f$., the moon.
Luteti•a, -ae, f., Lutetia; city of the Parisii on an island in the Seine river; now called Paris.
lūx, lūcis, $f$., light, daylight; prīmā lūce, at dawn.
M.
M., sign for mille, one thousand.
M., abbr. for Marcus, a Roman praenomen.
magis, $a d v$. comp. [from magnus, large], more, rather, in a higher degree; superl.: maximē, especially, in the highest degree; mostly, mainly.
magistrātous, - $\overline{\text { uns }}, m$. [magister, master], public office, magistracy; public official, magistrate.
magn•us, -a, -um, adj., large, big, great (in size, quantity, or degree), abundant, much; important, extensive; loud (voice); high (tide); magnī (gen. sing. n.), of great importance;
magnis itineribus, by forced marches. Comp.: maior; superl.: maximus. $\dagger$
maior, maius, adj. [comp. of
magnus, large], larger, bigger, greater (in degree, size, time, etc.);
older, elder; as noun: māiōrēs
natū, elders, old men; maiōrēs, ancestors. $\dagger$
magnific•us, -a, -um, adj.
[magnus, large + faciō, make], magnificent, splendid.
magnitūd•ō, -inis, $f$. [magnus, large], size, large size, greatness, extent; stature (corporum); violence (ventī); severity (poenae); magnitūdō animī, courage.
magnopere, $a d v$. [magnus, large + opus, work], with great effort; especially, greatly, exceedingly, earnestly.
malefic•ium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. [malus, evil + faciō, do], evil doing, mischief, harm, injury.
mandātoum, -ī, $n$. [mandō, command], charge, injunction, order, command; message.
mandō, 1 [manus, hand], give into one's hands, entrust, commit; enjoin, order, command.
maneō, manēre, mānsī, mānsum, remain, continue, abide, stay.
man.us, -ūs, $f$., the hand; in manibus, near at hand; manū, by hand, by art; ferrea manus, a grappling hook; dare manūs, yield; an armed force, troop, band, gang, company. $\dagger$

Marc•us, -ī, m., a Roman
praenomen.
mare, maris, $n$., sea; mare Ōceanum, the ocean.
maritim•us, -a, -um, adj. [mare, sea], of the sea, sea; maritime, naval, on the sea; ora, the seashore.
Mār•s, -tis, m., Mars, the god of war.
mās, maris, adj., male; as a noun: a male.
Massili•a, -ae, f., Massilia; city founded by Greeks in what became the Roman Province (Transalpine Gaul); now called Marseilles.
māteri•a, -ae, f., material; wood, timber.
mātrimōn•ium, - $\mathbf{i}, n$. [māter, mother], marriage, wedlock, matrimony; in mātrimōnium dūcere, to marry (said of the man).
Matron•a, -ae, m., the river Matrona, now called the Marne.
mātūrō, 1 [mātūrus, ripe], ripen; accelerate, quicken, speed up; hurry up, make haste; hurry, hasten.
maximē, see magis.
maxim•us, -a, -um, adj. [superl. of magnus, large. App. \$42], greatest, largest, biggest.
medeor, medērī, - , cure, remedy.
mediocrois, -e, adj. [medius, middle of], ordinary, moderate, average.
medi-us, -a, -um, $a d j$., in the middle of; in the middle, intervening, intermediate; locus medius utriusque, a place midway between the two.
membroum, - $-\mathbf{i}, n$. , limb. memori•a,-ae, $f$. [memor, mindful], the faculty of memory; memory, recollection, remembrance; tradition; memoriā tenēre, remember; patrum memoriā, in the time of our fathers or ancestors.
mēns.is, -is, $m$., month.
mercāt•or, -ōris, $m$. [mercor, trade], merchant, trader.
Mercuroius, -ī, $m$., Mercury, $a$ god especially associated by the Romans with trade.
mereō and mereor, 2 , deserve, merit, be worthy of; win, earn, incur (odium); serve as a soldier (i.e., earn pay).

Messāl•a, -ae, $m$., Marcus Valerius
Messala, consul in 61 bCE.
metō, metere, messuī, messum, mow, harvest, reap.
met.us, -ūs, $m$. [metuō, fear], fear, dread, terror, anxiety, apprehension; metū territāre, terrify, terrorize; hōc metū = metū huius reī, from fear of this.
me.us, -a, -um, poss. adj. [of the pron. ego], my, mine, my own.
mil•es, -itis, $m$., soldier, private soldier; infantry (as opposed to equitēs); mīlitēs imperāre, draft soldiers from, levy soldiers upon. $\dagger$
mîlia, see mîlle. $\dagger$
mïlitārois, -e, adj. [mïles, soldier], of a soldier, military, martial; rēs mīlitāris, military matters, warfare, the science of war.
mille, indecl. num. adj., a thousand; pl.: mīli•a, -ium, n., thousands (usually followed by a partitive gen.); mīlia passuum, thousands of paces, miles. $\dagger$
Minerv•a, -ae, $f$., the goddess Minerva, who was associated with wisdom and the liberal arts.
minimē, $a d v$. [minimus, least], least, very little; by no means, not at all.
minor, comp. of parvus.
minuō, minuere, minuī, minūtum [minus, less], lessen, impair, diminish; settle (contrōversiās); minuente aestū, the tide ebbing.
minus, adv. comp. [of parvus, little], less; not at all, too little. $\dagger$
mittō, mittere, mīsī, missum, send, send off, dismiss, let go, dispatch; hurl, discharge. $\dagger$
mōbilìtās, -tātis, $f$. [mōbilis, movable], movableness, activity, speed; changeability, fickleness, inconstancy.
moderor, 1 [modus, limit], manage, govern, control, guide. modo, adv. [modus, measure], with measure or limit; only, merely; even, just, at least, but; of time, just now, recently; nōn modo... sed etiam, not only ... but also.
mod•us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$., measure, quantity, size; manner, method, style; ad hunc modum, in this way; eius modī, of such a kind, such; abl., modō, used with a gen.: in the character of, like.
mol•ō, -ere, -uī, -itum, grind.
moneō, 2 , warn, advise, instruct, order.
mōns, montis, $m$., mountain; mountain range; hill, height.
morb•us, -ī, $m$., illness, sickness, disease.
Morīn•ī, -ōrum, $m$., the Morini.
morior, morī, mortuus sum [mors, death], die.
moror, 1 [mora, a delay], delay, hinder; linger, hang back.
morss, -tis, f., death; sibi mortem cōnscīscere, commit suicide. $\dagger$
mortu•us, see morior.
mōs, mōris, $m$., manner, custom, practice; pl.: customs, habits; character; mōs māiōrum, the customs of our ancestors, ancestral tradition.
Mos•a, -ae, m., the river Mosa, now called the Meuse or the Maas.
mōtous, -ūs, $m$. [moveō, move], movement, motion; political movement, uprising, disturbance.
multitūd•ō, -inis, $f$. [multus, much], a great number, multitude; the multitude, the common people, the populace. $\dagger$
multō, $a d v$. [abl. of multus, much], by far, much.
multum, $a d v$. [acc. of multus, much], much, very, greatly,
especially; comp.: plūs, more; plūs posse, be more able or powerful; be very powerful or influential.
multous, -a, -um, adj., much, great; pl.: many; with abl. expressing time when, late; as noun, many persons or things; comp.: plūs, plūris, more; as noun: more; pl.: more, several, many; superl:: plūrimus, -a, -um, most; pl.: very many. $\dagger$
Munātoius, - $\overline{\mathbf{1}}, m$., Lucius
Munatius Plancus, a lieutenant of Caesar.
mund-us, $-\overline{\mathbf{1}}, m$., world, universe.
mūniō, 4 , defend with a wall, fortify, defend, protect;
mūnītus, perf. part. as adj.: fortified, defended, protected.
mūnīti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [mūniō, fortify], fortifying;
fortification, rampart, works, entrenchments.
mūn•us, -eris, $n$., duty, service, task; present.
mūrāl•is, -e, adj. [mūrus, wall], pertaining to a wall, mural; mūrāle pīlum, mural javelin, a heavy javelin that was thrown from the top of a wall.

## N.

nam, conj., for. $\dagger$
Nammē•ius, - $\overline{\mathbf{i}}, m$., Nammeius, $a$ member of the Helvetian nobility sent as an ambassador to Caesar.
nancīscor, nancīscī, nactus sum, get, obtain possession of; meet with, find.
nāscor, nāscī, nātus sum, be born, be produced; rise, spring up, be raised; be found.
nātāl•is, -e, adj. [nāscor, be born], pertaining to birth, natal; diēs, birthday.
nāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [nāscor, be born], people, tribe, nation.
nātūr•a, -ae, $f$. [nāscor, be born], nature; natural disposition, character, constitution.
nāvig•ium, -ī, $n$. [nāvigō, sail], a sailing vessel, ship; sailing, navigation.
nāvigō, 1 [nāvis, ship], set sail, sail.
nāv•is, -is, f., ship, boat; nāvis longa, galley, ship of war; nāvis onerāria, transport ship. $\dagger$
nē (App. $\$ 188$, b.) (1), conj. with the subjunctive, that . . . not, so that... not, in order that... not, lest; after verbs offearing, that, lest. (2), $a d v$. not; nē . . . quidem (enclosing the emphatic word), not even. $\dagger$
ne-, nec-, neg-, inseparable negative prefix.
-ne, interrog. enclitic: in direct questions, simply the sign of a question (App. \$213, a.); in indirect questions, whether; -ne ... -ne, -ne . . . an, utrum
-ne, whether... or. $\dagger$
nec, see neque. $\dagger$
necessāri•us, -a, -um, adj. [necesse, necessary], necessary, requisite, pressing; with tempus, critical; as noun: friend, relative.
necesse, indecl. adj., necessary, unavoidable, indispensable.
necō, 1 [nex, death], put to death, kill, murder.
neg-, see ne-.
neg.legō, -legere, -lēxī, -lēctum [neg + legō, choose, regard], not heed, not pay attention to, disregard, neglect.
negō, 1 , say no, refuse, say . . . not.
negōt•ium, - $\mathbf{i}, n$. [neg- + ōtium, leisure], concern, business, undertaking; trouble, difficulty, labor; negōtium dare, employ, direct; quid negōtī, what business; nihil negōtī, no difficulty.
nēmō, acc. nēminem, $m$. and $f$. [ne- + homō, human being], no one, nobody.
neque (nec) (App. \$188, a.), conj. [ne- + que], and not, not, nor; but not; neque . . . neque, neither... nor. $\dagger$
Nervi•us, -a, -um, adj., of the Nervii; m. sing. as noun: one of the Nervii; m. pl. as noun: the Nervii, a Belgic tribe. $\dagger$
nēve (neu) (App. \$188, b.) [nē + ve, or], and not, nor.
nex, -cis, f., violent death, death, execution.
nihil, indecl. noun, n., nothing; with gen., no, none of; acc. as $a d v$., not, not at all, by no means; nōn nihil, somewhat. $\dagger$
nihilō, adv., by no means; nihilō minus, nevertheless.
nisi, conj. [ne- + sī, if], if not, except, unless.
nītor, nītī, nīxus sum, rest upon, rely upon, exert oneself, strive, attempt.
nōbilois, -e, adj. [nōscō, know], wellknown, distinguished, noted; of noble birth, noble; as noun: a noble.
nōbili•tās, -tātis, $f$. [nōbilis, wellknown], fame; noble birth, rank; the nobility.
noceō, nocēre, nocuī, nocitum, harm, injure, hurt; nocēns, pres. part. as noun: guilty person.
noctū, $a d v$. [nox, night], by night, at night. $\dagger$
nocturn•us, -a, -um, adj. [nox, night], at night, nocturnal, nightly.
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī, —, (App. \$82) [ne- + volō, wish], not wish, be unwilling; refuse; imperat. nōlī or nōlīte, with inf. (App. \$219), do not.
nōm•en, -inis, $n$., name, title; reputation, prestige; nōmine with gen., in the name of, as; suo nōmine, on his or their own account, personally.
nōn (App. \$188, a.), $a d v$., not; no. $\dagger$
nōndum, $a d v$. [nōn + dum], not yet.
nōnnūll॰us, -a, -um, adj. [nōn + nūllus, none], some, several; pl. as noun: some, several.
nōnnumquam, $a d v$. [nōn + numquam, never], sometimes.
Nōrēi•a, -ae, f., Noreia, a town in Noricum.

Nōric•us, -a, -um, adj.
pertaining to Noricum (a territory between the Danube and the Alps).
nōs, see ego.
nōscō, nōscere, nōvī, nōtum, learn, become acquainted or familiar with; nōvī, perf., have learned, hence know; nōtus, perf. part. as adj.: known, wellknown, familiar.
nos.ter, -tra, -trum, poss. adj., our, ours, our own; in pl. as noun: our men, our troops. $\dagger$ nōteus, see nōscō.
novitās, -tātis, $f$. [novus, new], newness; strangeness, novelty.
nov-us, -a, -um, adj., new, novel;
unusual, fresh; rēs novae, a change of government, revolution; superl.: novissim•us, -a, -um, latest, last; as noun or with agmen, those in the rear, the rear.
nox, noctis, f., night; media nox, the middle of the night, midnight; multā nocte, late at night. $\dagger$
noxi•a, -ae, $f$., crime, offense. nūdō, 1 [nūdus, bare], strip, uncover, make bare or naked, expose.
nūll॰us, -a, -um, gen. nūllīus, adj. [ne-+ ūllus, any], not any, no; as noun: no one, none; nōnnūllus, some; as noun: some, some persons. $\dagger$
nūm•en, -inis, $n$., divinity, god;
divine force or will.
numer•us, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, m$., number, quantity, amount; account; in numerō, with gen., among, as. $\dagger$
nunc, $a d v$., now, at present, at this time.
nūntiō, 1 [nūntius, messenger], announce, send news, report, make known; order, direct.
nūntius, - $\mathbf{i}$, $m$., messenger; message, news, report.
nūper, $a d v$., recently, not long ago.
nūt•us, - $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{s}, m$. [nuō, nod], nod; sign, command; ad nūtum, at one's nod or command.
0.
ob, prep. with acc., on account of, for; in compounds, opposed to, to, forward, against; quam ob rem, for which reason, wherefore, why.
obaerātous, -a, -um, adj. [aes, money], in debt; as a noun: debtor.
ob•ē̄, -īre, -iī, -itum [ē̄, go. App. \$84], go to or towards; perform, attend to.
observō, 1 [servō, give heed], observe, mark, watch; regard, obey; celebrate.
ob.ses, -sidis, $m$. and $f$. [obsidē̄, blockade], one who is guarded, hostage; pledge, security.
ob•sideō, -sidēre, -sēdī, -sessum [sedē, sit], sit in the way of, obstruct, besiege, blockade.
obsidi•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [obsidē̄, blockade], siege, investment, blockade; peril, oppression.
obtestor, 1 [testor, witness], call to witness; beseech, entreat.
ob.tineō, -tinēre, -tinuī, -tentum [teneō, hold], hold, retain, possess, maintain; acquire, obtain.
occāsi•浂, -ōnis, f. [occidō, fall, happen], occasion, opportunity.
occās•us, -ūs, $m$. [occidō, fall, happen], falling down, setting; with sōlis, sunset; the west.
oc•cidō, -cidere, -cidī, - [ad + cadō, fall], fall down, set; happen; be slain, perish; occidēns sōl, the west.
oc•cīdō, -cīdere, -cīsī, -cīsum [caedō, cut], cut down, kill, slay.
occultō, 1 [occultus, secret], hide, keep secret, conceal.
occupō, 1 [ob + capiō, take], take possession of, seize, occupy; engage, employ.
oc•currō, -currere, -currī, -cursum [ob + currō, run], run in the way of, meet; happen upon; go to, come to; oppose, counteract; occur.
Ōcean•us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$., the ocean.
octāv•us, -a, -um, adj., ord. num. adj. [octō, eight], eighth.
offic•ium, -ī, $n$., service, allegiance, duty; official duty, business; esse, manēre, or permanēre in officiō, to remain loyal.
omninō, $a d v$. [omnis, all], at all; whatever; altogether, entirely, wholly, in all, only.
omn•is, -e, adj., all, every, all the, every kind of, the whole, as a whole; m. pl. as noun, all, every one; all the rest; n. pl. as noun, all possessions or goods. $\dagger$
onerāri॰us, -a, -um, adj. [onus, load], equipped for loads or fitted for burdens; with nāvis, transport, freight ship.
on•us, -eris, $n$., load, burden; weight, size.
oper•a, -ae, $f$. [opus, work], work, exertion; service; pains, attention; dare operam, give attention, take pains.
opīni•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [opīnor, think], way of thinking, opinion; impression; expectation; reputation; opīniō timōris, impression of cowardice.
oport•et, -ēre, -uit, -, impers., it is necessary, needful, becoming, proper; when translated as a personal verb: must, ought.
oportūn•us, -a, -um, adj., fit, opportune, lucky, suitable; favorable, advantageous.
oppid•um, - $\mathbf{i}, n$., fortified town, town, stronghold.
op•primō, -primere, -pressī, -pressus [ob + premō, press], press down, oppress; overwhelm, overpower, destroy; fall upon, surprise.
oppugnāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [oppugnō, storm], a storming, besieging, siege, assault, attack; plan or method of storming. $\dagger$
oppugnō, 1 [ob + pugnō, fight], fight against, attack, assault, storm, besiege.
optimē, superl. of bene.
optimus, superl. of bonus.
op-us, -eris, $n$., work, labor; military work or works, fortifications, defenses; a work of engineering or architecture; nātūrā et opere, by nature and art.
opus, indecl. noun, n. [cf. opus, work, deed], need, necessity; opus est, it is necessary, there is need; the thing needed is expressed either by the nom. or the abl. (App. \$146).
ōrāti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [ōrō, speak], a speaking, speech, language, words, address, argument.
ōrāt•or, -ōris, $m$. [ōrō, speak], speaker; ambassador, envoy.
orb•is, -is, m., orb, ring, circle; orbis terrārum, the word.
ōrd•ō, -inis, $m$., row, tier, layer; rank, line of soldiers; arrangement, order; degree, rank; prīmī ōrdinis, centurions of the first rank. $\dagger$
Orgetor•īx,-īgis, m., a Helvetian noble who conspired to become the supreme leader of the Helvetians. $\dagger$
orior, orīrī, ortus sum, arise, begin, spring up, rise, start; be born, descend; oriēns sōl, the rising sun, sunrise; the east.
$\overline{\text { ōrō, }} 1$ [ $\overline{\mathbf{o} s}$, mouth], speak; beseech, entreat.
orteus, -ūs, $m$. [orior, rise], rising. ōs, ōris, $n$., mouth; face, countenance.
os.tendō, -tendere, -tendī, -tentum [obs + tendō, stretch] stretch before; present, show, bring into view, reveal; tell, declare; point out, mention. ostentō, 1 [frequ. of ostendō, show], show frequently; show, exhibit.
P.
pācō, 1 [pāx, peace], make peaceful, subdue, pacify; pācātus, perf. part. as adj.: peaceful, quiet, subdued.
Pad.us, -ī, $m$., the Padus river, the Po, the biggest river in northern Italy.
paene, $a d v$. nearly, almost. palam, adv., openly, publicly. pār, paris, adj., equal, like, similar; equal to, a match for; with words of number and quantity, the same; pār atque, the same as.
parcō, parcere, pepercī, parsus [parcus, frugal], be frugal or economical; spare, do not injure or harm.
parēn.s, -tis, m., $f$. [pariō, bring forth], parent.
pariō, parere, peperī, partum, bring forth; gain, acquire, win.
parō, 1, prepare, get ready; procure, acquire; prepare for, get ready for; parātus, perf. part. as adj.: ready, prepared; equipped.
parıs, -tis, f., part, share;
(political) faction; direction, side, place; district, area $\dagger$
partus, see pariō.
pass.us, - $\overline{\mathbf{u}} \mathbf{s}, m$. [pandō, extend], a pace, step, stride, the distance from where the foot leaves the ground to where the same foot again hits the ground, which Romans standardized as a measure of 4 feet, 10 1⁄4 inches (= five Roman feet); mille
passūs or passuum, a Roman mile (4,857 feet). $\dagger$
pate•ō, -ēre, -uī, -, lie or be open, be passable; stretch out, extend.
pateer, -ris, $m$., father; in $p l$.:
forefathers, ancestors; pater familiae, father or head of a household.
patior, patī, passus sum, endure, withstand, suffer; permit, allow.
pauc•ī, -ae, -a, adj. (rarely used in the sing.), few; as noun: few persons or things.
pauciotās, -tātis, $f$. [paucus, few], fewness, small number.
paulātim, $a d v$. [paulus, little], little by little, by degrees, gradually.
paulō, adv. [paulus, little], a little, somewhat, slightly.
paulum, adv. [paulus, little], a little, somewhat, slightly.
paul.us, -a, -um, adj., little; paulum, as noun: a little; post paulum, soon after.
pāx, pācis, f., peace, favor.
pecūni•a, -ae, f., property, wealth; money.
ped•es, -itis, $m$. [pēs, foot], foot soldier; pl.: infantry.
pedest.er, -ris, -re, adj. [pēs, foot], on foot, pedestrian; pedestrēs cōpiae, infantry.
peditāt•us, -ūs, $m$. [pedes, foot soldier], foot soldiers, infantry.
pellō, pellere, pepulī, pulsum, beat, defeat, rout; drive out, expel.
pendō, pendere, pependī, pēnsum, weigh, weigh out; weigh out money, pay, pay out; with poenās, suffer.
per, prep. with acc., through, throughout; by means of, through the agency of, on account of, through efforts or influence of; per sē, of their own accord, on their own responsibility; sometimes with intensive force, in itself, themselves; in composition, thorough, very, thoroughly, completely. $\dagger$
per•agō, -agere, -ēgī, -āctum [agō, lead], lead through; complete, finish.
per•currō, -currere, -currī, -cursum [currō, run], run along or over.
per•cutiō, -cutere, -cutī,
-cussum, strike or thrust
through, slay, kill.
per•discō, -discere, -didicī, -
[discō, learn], learn thoroughly, learn by heart.
per•dūcō, -dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum [dūcō, lead], lead
through or along, conduct, bring over, bring; construct, extend; influence, win over; draw out, prolong.
perendin•us, -a, -um, adj., after tomorrow.
perequitō, 1 [equitō, ride], ride around, ride about, ride through.
perfacil•is, -e, adj. [facilis, easy], very easy.
per-ficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum [faciō, make, do], make or do thoroughly or completely; complete, finish; construct, build; achieve, accomplish.
per $\cdot f u g i o ̄,-f u g e r e, ~-f u ̄ g i ̄, ~$ -fugitum [fugiō, flee], flee for refuge, take refuge; desert.
perīcul.um, -ī, n., trial, test, attempt; risk, danger, peril. $\dagger$ perlātus, see perferō.
per•legō, -legere, -lēgī, -lēctum [legō, read], read through, read.
per•maneō, -manēre, -mānsī, -mānsum [maneō, remain], stay through or to the end, stay, remain; continue, persist.
per•movē̄, -movēre, -mōvī, -mōtum [movē̄, move], move thoroughly; arouse, incite, excite; affect, influence.
perpauc•ī, -ae, -a [paucī, few], very few, but very few; m. pl. as noun: very few.
perpetu•us, -a, -um, adj., continuous, uninterrupted; permanent, lasting, continual; whole, entire; $n$. as noun in the phrase in perpetuum, forever.
per.scrībō, -scrībere, -scrīpsī, -scrīptum [scrībō, write], write out, report, describe.
persev•erō, 1, persist, persevere.
per.spiciō, -spicere, -spexī, -spectum [speciō, look], look or see through; view, examine, inspect; perceive, realize, learn, find out, ascertain.
per.suādeō, -suādēre, -suāsī, -suāsum [suādeō, advise], advise thoroughly, and thus convincingly: convince, persuade, prevail upon; inculcate; sibi persuādērī, be convinced. $\dagger$
peroterrē, 2 [terreō, frighten], frighten thoroughly; terrify, terrorize.
pertināci•a, -ae, $f$. [pertineō, hold onto], obstinacy, stubbornness, pertinacity. perotineō, -tinēre, -tinuī, -tentum [teneō, hold], hold or reach to, extend; pertain, have reference to, concern; tend, aim at; eōdem pertinēre, tend to the same purpose or result, amount to the same thing. $\dagger$
pertulī, see perferō. perturbō, 1 [turbō, disturb] disturb greatly, throw into confusion, embarrass, disturb; alarm, terrify.
per•veniō, -venīre, -vēnī, -ventum [veniō, come], come through; come to, arrive at, reach; of property, fall, revert. $\dagger$
pēs, pedis, $m$., the foot, a foot (the Roman measure was 11.65 inches in length); pedibus, on foot; pedem referre, retreat. petō, petere, petīvī, petītum, seek, hunt for, aim at, make for, attack, go to, direct one's course to or toward; seek to obtain, strive after; ask, request, beseech. $\dagger$
Petrosid.ius, - $\mathbf{i}, m$., Lucius
Petrosidius, a standard-bearer in Caesar's army.
pie•tās, -tātis, $f$. [pius, loyal], loyalty, devotion.
pīl•um, -ī, n., heavy javelin, pike.
pīl•us, -ī, $m$., century of soldiers; prīmus pīlus, first century of $a$ legion; prīmī pīlī centuriō or prìmīpilus, the centurion of the first century, the chief centurion.
pinn•a, -ae, f., feather; battlement, parapet.
Pīs•ō, -ōnis, f., (1) Marcus
Puppius Piso Calpurnianus, consul with Messala in 61 bсе. (2) Lucius Calpurnius Piso, killed in the defeat of Cassius's army by the Tigurini in 107 все. (3) Lucius Calpurnius Piso, Caesar's father-in-law; consul in 58 все. (4) Piso, an Aquitanian.
plācō, 1, appease.
Plancus, -ī, $m$., see Munātius.
plēbs, plēbis, or plēbēs, plēbēī, $f$., populace, common people.
plēn•us, -a, -um, adj. [pleō, fill], full, whole, complete.
plēr.īque, -aeque, -aque, adj. pl., very many, the most of; as noun: a great many, very many. $\dagger$
plērumque, $a d v$. [plērusque, the greater part], for the most part, mostly, generally; again and again, very often.
Pleumoxi•ī, -ōrum, $m$., the Pleumoxii.
plūrimus, see multus. $\dagger$
plūs, see multus. $\dagger$
poen•a, -ae, $f$., punishment, penalty.
polliceor, 2 [prō + liceor, bid, offer], hold forth, offer, promise, pledge.
pollicitus, see polliceor.
Pompē॰ius, -ī, m., (1) Gnaeus Pompeius Magnus, Pompey the Great, political ally with Crassus and supporter of Caesar in 60 bCE, later joins the Senatorial party against Caesar, is defeated by Caesar in Greece, and murdered in Egypt in 48 BCE. (2) Gnaius Pompeius, an interpreter who served under Quintus Titurius Sabinus.
pōnō, pōnere, posuī, positum, place, put, place over; lay down, set aside; station, post; regard, consider; make, build; with castra, pitch; pass.: be situated; with in and the abl., depend on, in addition to the above meanings.
pōns, pontis, $m$., bridge.
popul-us, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, m$., the people, the mass, the crowd, as opposed to individuals; a people, a nation. $\dagger$
porrō, $a d v$., farther on;
furthermore, then.
port•a, -ae, f., gate.
portō, 1, carry, transport, bring, take.
port•us, - $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{s}, m$., harbor, haven, port.
possum, posse, potuī, - (App. \$80) [potis, able + sum, be], be able, can; to have power or influence, have strength, be strong; with quam and superl.: as possible, e.g., quam plūrimās possunt, as many as possible; multum posse, plūs posse, and plūrimum posse, see multum. $\dagger$ post, adv. and prep. with acc. (1) As adv., later, afterward; (2) As prep., behind, after; post tergum or post sē, in the rear.
posteā, $a d v$. [post, after], after this, afterward.
posteāquam, $a d v$. [posteā, afterward + quam, than], after.
poster-us, -a, -um, adj. [post, after], after, following, next; in m. pl. as noun: posterity; superl.:
postrēmus or postumus, last.
postrēmō, $a d v$. [postrēmus, last], finally, at last.
pot•ēns, -entis, adj. [pres. part. of possum, be able], powerful, influential.
potes•tās, -tātis, $f$. [potēns, powerful], power, ability, authority; control, sway, rule; chance, opportunity, possibility; potestātem facere, grant permission, give a chance.
potior, 4 [potis, powerful], become master of, get control or possession of, obtain, capture.
prae ${ }^{\text {cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī̀, }}$ -cessum [cēdō, go], go before; surpass, excel.
prae.ceps, -cipitis, adj. [caput, head], headlong; steep, precipitous.
prae.ceptum, -ī, $n$. [praecipiō, instruct], instruction, injunction, command.
praed•a, -ae, $f$. , booty, plunder, spoil.
prae.dicō, 1 [dicō, proclaim], proclaim publicly or before others; declare, report, tell of.
prae.ficiō, -ficere, fēcī, -fectum [faciō, make], make before; place over, put in command of, put at the head of, place in charge of.
prae-mittō,-mittere,-mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], send before or in advance.
praem•ium, - $\overline{\mathbf{i}}, n$., distinction, prize, reward.
prae.sēns, -sentis, pres. part. of praesum.
prae-sentioa, -ae, $f$. [praesum, be present], presence; the present moment; in praesentia, for the present; then.
praesertim, $a d v$., particularly, especially.
praesid.ium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. [praesideō, guard], guard, garrison; safeguard, protection; fortification, stronghold; help, aid; safety.
praestō, adv., at hand, ready; with sum, meet.
prae-stō, -stāre, -stitī, -stātum [stō, stand], stand or place before; show, exhibit, supply, furnish; be superior, excel, surpass; impers. praestat, it is better or more advisable.
prae-sum, -esse, -fuī, - [sum, be. App. \$77], be before or over, be in command of, rule over, be at the head of; praesēns, pres. part. as adj.: present, in person; for the present.
praeter, prep. with acc. [prae, before], before; beyond, past; contrary to; in addition to, except, besides.
praetereā, adv. [praeter, beyond], beyond this, besides, furthermore.
praeterquam, $a d v$., besides, except.
prae•ūrō, -ūrere, -ussī, -ustum [ūrō, burn], burn in front or at the end.
premō, premere, pressī, pressum, press, press upon, press hard; oppress, burden, annoy, harass. $\dagger$
prïdiē, $a d v$. [diēs, day], on the day before.
prīmum, $a d v$. [prīmus, first], irst, at first, in the first place, for the first time; cum prīmum or ubi prīmum, as soon as; quam prīmum, as soon as possible, very soon. $\dagger$
prìm.us, -a, -um, adj. superl.
(App. §43), first, foremost; first part of; pl. as noun: the first, the front rank or ranks; leaders, chiefs; in prīmīs, especially. $\dagger$
prīn•ceps, -cipis, adj. [prīmus, first], taking the first place; chief, most prominent, first; as noun, chief or principal person, leader, chief.
prīncipāt•us, -ūs, $m$. [prīnceps, chief], chief place or position; chief authority, leadership.
prīstin•us, -a, -um, adj. [from prior, former], former, original; previous, preceding.
prius, $a d v$. [prior, former], before, sooner, previously.
priusquam or prius... quam, conj., sooner than, before; until.
prīvātous, -a, -um, adj., private, personal, individual; as noun, person, individual.
prō, prep. with abl., before, in front of; for, on behalf of; on account of, in consideration of, in return for; as, in the disguise of; in place of, instead of; in proportion to, according to; in compounds (appears as prō, pro, and prōd), for, before, forward, forth. $\dagger$ probō, 1 [probus, good], consider good, approve; prove, show, demonstrate.
pro•cēdō,-cēdere, -cessī̀, -cessum [cēdō, go], go forth or forward, proceed, advance.
procul, $a d v$., far off, from afar, in the distance, at a distance.
prōcūrō, 1 [ cūrō, care], care for, attend to.
pro•currō, -currere, -currī, -cursum [currō, run], run or rush forward, rush out, charge.
prodeeō, -īre, -iī, -itum [prō + ē̄, go, App. \$84], go or come forth, go forward, advance.
prōd•ō, -dere, -didī, -ditum [dō, give], give forth, reveal; betray, give up; transmit, hand down; memoriā prōditum, told according to tradition, handed down.
prō•dūcō, -dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum [dūcō, lead], lead out or forth, bring forth; prolong, protract; produce; with cōpiās, arrange, draw up.
proelior, 1 [proelium, battle], join or engage in battle.
proeli•um, -i, n., battle, contest, engagement; proelium committere, join or begin battle, risk a fight, engage in battle, fight. $\dagger$
profecti• $\bullet$, -ōnis, $f$. [proficiscor, set out], a setting out; start, departure.
proficīscor, proficīscī, profectus sum, set out for, start out; go, proceed. $\dagger$
pro•fiteor, -fitērī, -fessus sum [fateor, confess], admit, acknowledge, declare, offer.
prōfuī, see prōsum.
prōgnāt•us, -a, -um, adj. [nāscor, be born], born; descended, sprung.
prō-gredior, -gredī, -gressus sum [gradior, step], step or go forward, advance, proceed, go. prohibeō, 2 [habeō, hold], keep from, keep, restrain, prevent, prohibit; keep out or away from; protect, guard.
prō.iciō, -icere, -iēcī, -iectum [iaciō, throw. App. \$7], throw forward or away; throw, cast; reject, give up, sē prōicere, cast oneself; jump.
proinde, $a d v$., hence, accordingly, therefore.
prō.nūntiō, 1 [nūntiō,
announce], announce, give out publicly, tell, relate, report, say;
give orders; with sententia, pronounce.
prō-pellō, -pellere, -pulī, -pulsum [pellō, drive], drive forward, put to flight, rout; dislodge, drive back.
properō, 1 [properus, quick], hasten, hurry.
propinqu•us, -a, -um, adj. [prope, near], near, neighboring, close at hand; pl. as noun, relatives.
propius, adv. and prep. with acc. (App. $\$ 122$, b.) [prope, near], nearer.
prō-pōnō, -pōnere, -posuī, -positum [pōnō, put], place or put forward, present, offer; relate, tell of, explain; purpose, propose; expose.
propter, prep. with acc. [prope, near], on account of, because of, in consequence of.
proptereā, $a d v$. [propter, because of], on this account; proptereā quod, because.
propulso (1) [propello, drive forward], to drive off, repel
prō.sequor, -sequī, -secūtus
sum [sequor, follow], follow, accompany; pursue; with ōrātiōne, address.
prō•tegō, -tegere, -tēxī, -tēctum
[tegō, cover], cover, protect.
prō.vehō, -vehere, -vexī, -vectum [vehō, carry], carry
forward; pass., be carried forward, sail.
prō.veniō, -venīre, -vēnī, -ventum [veniō, come], come forth, grow; be produced, yield (ofgrain).
prō•videō, -vidēre, -vīdī, -vīsum [videō, see], see beforehand, foresee; care for, provide.
prōvinci•a, -ae, f., office of governor of a province; province, a territory subject to Rome and governed by a Roman governor; especially the Province, the southern part of Gaul along the Mediterranean coast. $\dagger$
proxim.us, -a, -um, adj., superl. (App. §43), nearest, next; last, previous; with acc. (App. \$122, b.), next to. $\dagger$
pūblic.us, -a, -um, adj. [populus, people], of the state or people, common, public; n. as noun, public, public view; rēs pūblica, the state, the commonwealth. $\dagger$
puerī1•is, -e, adj. [puer, child], childish.
pugn•a, -ae, $f$. [pugnō, fight], fight, battle, contest; genus pugnae, method of fighting. $\dagger$
pugn•ō, 1 , fight, engage in battle, contend; strive; often impers., as pugnātur, it is fought, i.e., they fight. $\dagger$
Pull॰ō, -ōnis, $m$., Titus Pullo, $a$ centurion in Caesar's army.
pulvois, -eris, $m$., dust.
putō, 1 , think, consider, believe.
Pỳrēnae•us, -a, -um, adj.,
Pyreneian; Pȳrēnaeī montēs, the Pyrenaei or the Pyrenees Mountains.

## Q.

Q., abbr.for Quīntus, Quintus, a Roman praenomen.
quā, $a d v$. [abl. f. of quī], by which way or route; in which place, where. $\dagger$
quadringentoī, -ae, -a, card. num. adj., four hundred.
quaestiō̄, -ōnis, $f$. [quaerō, inquire], inquiry; examination, investigation.
quaest.or, -ōris, $m$. [quaerō, seek], a quaestor; (1) at Rome, an annually elected official in charge of state revenues; (2) in the Roman army, a quartermaster in charge of money and supplies, and sometimes employed in commanding troops.
quaest.us, - $\mathbf{u} s, m$. [quaerō, seek], gain, acquisition.
quant.us, -a, -um, adj., (1)
interrog., how much? how large? how great? what? quantum, as adv., how much? (2) rel. pron., as much as, as; quantum, as adv., as much as, as; quantō ... tantō (with comparatives), the ... the. $\dagger$ quantousvīs, -avīs, -umvīs, adj. [quantus, as great as $+\mathbf{v i s}$, you wish], as great (large, much, etc.) as you wish, however great.
quārē, $a d v$. [quī, which + rēs, thing], (1) interrog., why? wherefore? for what reason?; (2) rel., on this account, therefore, wherefore.
quārtous, -a, -um, adj., ord. num. [quattuor, four], fourth.
-que, enclitic conj., and; -que... -que, both . . . and. $\dagger$
queror, querī, questus sum, complain, bewail, lament.
quī, quae, quod, rel. pron (see also quis), who, which, what; often implying an antecedent, he, she or it who, those who; equivalent of the demonstrative, this or that; quam ob rem, for which reason (wherefore); quem ad modum, in what manner, how, as; quō, with comparatives, the ...; quō ... ē, the . . . the. $\dagger$
quīcumque, quaecumque, quodcumque, indef. (or generalizing) rel. pron., whoever, whatever; whosoever, whatsoever, any ... whatever; everyone who, everything that.
quid, interrog. adv., why? with posse, how? e.g., quid Germānī possent? how strong were the Germans?
quīdam, quaedam, quiddam and quīdam, quaedam, quoddam, indef. pron. (App. $\$ 62$ and b.), a certain one, someone; a certain, some, a; a kind of. $\dagger$
quidem, $a d v$., indeed, at any rate, at least, truly; on the other hand; nē... quidem, not even.
qui•ēs, -ētis, $f$., quiet, rest, repose.
quiēt.us, -a, -um, adj., in repose, undisturbed, peaceful, calm, quiet.
quīn, conj. [quī, who or how + ne, negative], that not, but that; after negative words of doubt or hindrance, but that, that, from; to; quīn etiam, moreover, but actually.
quīnam, see quisnam.
quīnquāgintā (L), card. num. adj., indecl., fifty.
quīnque (V), card. num. adj., indecl., five.
Quīnt.us, -ī, m., Quintus, a Roman praenomen.
quis, quid and quī, quae, quod (App. $\$ \$ 61-62$ ), (1) interrog. pron., who? which? what? quam ob rem, why? quem ad modum, how? (2) indef. pron., especially after $\mathbf{s i ̄}$, nisi, nē, num, anyone, anything, any; somebody, something, some. $\dagger$
quispiam, quidpiam and quispiam, quaepiam, quodpiam, indef. pron. (App. \$62), anyone, any.
quisquam, quicquam, indef. pron. (App. \$62), any, any person or thing.
quisque, quidque and quisque, quaeque, quodque, universal indef. pron. (App. \$62), each one, each; everyone, all. $\dagger$
quō, adv. [old dat. case of quī, who, which], adv., (1) interrog. to what place? whither?; (2) rel., to which, to whom; to where, whither; toward which; where, wherein; (3) indef., to any place, anywhere.
quō, conj. [abl. case of quī, who, which], in order that, so that, that.
quoad, $a d v$. [quō, where? + ad, to], to where; as long as, as far as; till, until.
quod, conj. [n. acc. of quī, who, which], as to which, in that, that; as to the fact that, insomuch as; because; quod sī, but if; proptereā quod, because.
quoniam, conj. [cum (=quom), since + iam, now], since now, since, inasmuch as, because, whereas.
quotannīs, $a d v$. [quot, as many as + annus, year], every year, yearly.
quotiēns, $a d v$. [quot, how many?],
(1) interrog., how many times?
how often?; (2) rel., as often as.
R.
rati•厄̄, -ōnis, $f$. [reor, reckon], reckoning, account, estimate; design, plan, strategy, science; method, arrangement; cause, reason; regard, consideration; condition, state of affairs; manner, way; condition, terms; in pl., transactions.
Raurac•ī, -ōrum, $m$., the Rauraci, a people along the upper Rhine, north of the Helvetians.
re- and red-, inseparable prefixes, again, back, un-, re-.
rebelli•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [rebellō, renew war], renewal of war, rebellion, revolt.
re•cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī, -cessum [cēdō, go], go back, retire.
rec•ēns, -entis, $a d j$. recent, late; fresh, new, vigorous.
recess•us, -ūs, $m$. [re + cēd̄̄, go], go back, retire.
re.cipiō, -cipere, -cēpī, -ceptum [re + capiō, take], take or get back, recover; admit, receive, receive in surrender or submission; admit of, allow; with sē, withdraw oneself, retreat, escape, flee, run back; recover oneself. $\dagger$
recitō, 1 , read aloud.
recuperō, 1 , recover, regain.
recūsō, 1 , refuse, reject; object to, make objections, complain; with perīculum, shrink from.
red•dō, -dere, -didī, -ditum $[$ red-dō, give], give back, return, restore; give or return something due or owed; make or cause to be; render.
red.eō, -īre, -iī, -itum [red- + eō, go. App. \$84], go or turn back, return; come; fall to, descend; be referred.
redoigō, -igere, -ēgī, -āctum [red$+\mathbf{a g o}$, put in motion], bring back, bring under; render, make; reduce.
rediti•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [redeō, return], return.
reditous, -ūs, $m$. [redē̄, return], returning, return.
re•dūcō, -dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum [dūcō, lead], lead or bring back; draw back, pull back; extend back.
referō, referre, rettulī, relātum
[re + ferō, carry. App. \$81], bear, carry or bring back, report;
pedem referre, go back, retreat;
grātiam referre, show one's
gratitude, make a requital.
re-ficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum [re

+ faciō, make], remake, repair;
allow to rest; with sē, refresh oneself, rest.
re•fugiō, -fugere, -fūgī, -fugitum
[re + fugiō, flee], flee back, retreat; escape.
regi•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [regō, keep
straight], line, direction; quarter, region, country, territory, place; ē regiōne, with gen., opposite.
rēgnō, 1 [rēgnum, royal power], reign, rule.
rēgn•um, -ī, $n$. [rēx, king], kingly or royal authority, royal power, absolute power, sovereignty; despotism, tyranny; kingdom. $\dagger$
regō, regere, rēxī, rēctum, keep straight; guide, direct, control.
re•gredior, -gredī, -gressus sum [gradior, step], go or come back; turn back, return; march back, withdraw, retire, retreat.
re•iciō, -icere, -iēcī, -iectum [re + iaciō, throw. App. \$7], hurl or drive back, repel; cast down or off; drive off or out.
relegō, 1 [re + legō, delegate $]$, send away, remove.
religi•匂, -ōnis, f., religion; in pl., religious ceremonies, rites; superstitions.
re•linquō, -linquere, -līquī, -lictum [re + linquō, leave], leave behind, abandon; pass., be left, remain. $\dagger$
reliqu•us, -a, -um, adj. [relinquō, leave], left, remaining, the rest, the rest of; future, subsequent; n. as noun, remainder, rest. $\dagger$
re॰maneō, -manēre, -mānsī, -mānsum [re + maneō, remain], stay or remain behind, remain.
Rēm•us, -a, -um, adj., belonging to or one of the Remi; pl. as noun, Rēmī, $m$., the Remi, $a$ Belgic people along the Axona (Aisne) whose main city was Durocortorum (now Reims).
re•migrō, 1 [migrō, move, migrate], move back, return.
re•mittō, -mittere, -mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], send or dispatch back, return, restore, remit; release, relax, give up; remissus, perf. part. as adj., mild.
re•moveō, -movēre, -mōvī, -mōtum [moveō, move], move
back or away, remove, withdraw;
remōtus, perf. part. as adj., remote, far away.
rēmus, -ī, $m$., oar.
re•pellō, -pellere, -pulī, -pulsum [pellō, drive], bear or drive back, repel, repulse.
repentīn•us, -a, -um, adj.
[repēns, sudden], sudden, unexpected, hasty.
reperiō, reperīre, repperī, repertum [re + pariō, procure], procure, find out, discover, ascertain; devise.
reportō, 1 [re + portō, carry], carry or bring back, convey.
re•poscō, -poscere, -, - [re + poscō, demand], demand back, exact, ask for.
re•prehendō, -prehendere, -prehendī, -prehēnsum [prehendō (= prendō), seize], hold back; criticize, blame, censure.
repulsus, see repellō.
rēs, reī, $f$., of indefinite meaning; variously translated according to context; thing, object, matter, event, affair, occurrence; circumstance, case; act, action, deed; reason, ground; rēs familiāris, property; rēs frūmentāria, supplies; rēs mïlitāris, warfare; novae rēs, revolution; rēs pūblica, state; rēs actae, deeds, achievements; quam ob rem, see quī and quis. $\dagger$
re-scindō, -scindere, -scidī,
-scissum [re + scindō, cleave], cut away or down, break down, destroy.
reservō, 1 [re + servō, save, keep],
keep back, save up, reserve.
re•sistō, -sistere, -stitī, -
[sistō, stand], stand back, remain behind, halt, stand still; withstand, resist, oppose.
re-spiciō, -spicere, -spexī, -spectum [re + speciō, look], look back; look at, take notice of; consider, regard.
re•spondeō, -spondēre, -spondī, -sponsum [re + spondeō, promise], reply, answer.
re•stituō, -stituere, -stituī, -stitūtum [re + statuō, set up], set up again, rebuild, renew, restore.
re•tineō, -tinēre, -tinuī, -tentum [re + teneō, hold], hold back, detain, keep; restrain, hinder;
detain forcibly, seize; retain, preserve, maintain.
rettulī, see referō.
re•vertō, -vertere, -vertī, -versum, used almost exclusively in the perf. tenses, and re•vertor, -vertī, -versus sum [re + vertō, turn], turn back, come back, return.
Rhēn•us, - $\overline{\mathbf{i}}, m$., the river Rhenus, the Rhine. $\dagger$
Rhodan•us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$., the river
Rhodanus, the Rhone. $\dagger$
rīp•a, -ae, f., bank (of a stream).
rogō, 1 , ask; request, ask for.

Rōmān॰us, -a, -um, adj. [Rōma],
Roman; as noun, a Roman. $\dagger$
Rōsc•ius, $-\mathbf{1}, m$., Lucius Roscius, one of Caesar's lieutenants.
rot.a, -ae, f., wheel.
rūm•or, -ōris, m., hearsay, report, rumor.
rūrsus, $a d v$. [for reversus, from revertō, turn back], again, back, anew; in turn.
S.

Sabin•us, -ī, m., Quintus
Titurius Sabinus, one of Caesar's lieutenants.
sacrific•ium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. [sacer, sacred + faciō, make], sacrifice.
saepe, $a d v$., often, frequently; many times, again and again; saepe numerō, often, time and again, frequently; comp. saepius, oftener, more frequently; time and again, too often.
sagitt•a, -ae, $f$., arrow.
sagul•um, $-\overline{\mathbf{1}}, n$. [dim. of sagum, coat], a small coat; military cloak.
sal•ūs, -ūtis, $f$. [salvus, safe], welfare, security, safety; preservation, deliverance; place of safety; life (when in danger). $\dagger$
Samarobrīvea, -ae, $f$., Samarobriva (now Amiens), a city belonging to the Ambiani on the river Samara (Somme).
sanciō, sancīre, sānxī, sānctus, make sacred; make binding, ratify, sanction; sānct•us, -a, -um, perf. part. as adj., sacred, inviolable; established.
sap•iō, -ere, -īvī, -, taste; be wise, understand.
satis, adv., and indecl. adj. and noun, (1) as adv., enough, sufficiently; rather; very; well; (2) as adj., sufficient; (3) as noun, enough.
satis.faciō, -facere, -fēcī, -factum [satis, enough + faciō, make], make or do enough for; give satisfaction, satisfy; make amends, apologize, ask pardon.
sauci•us, -a, -um, adj., wounded. scāl•ae, -ārum, $f$. [scandō, climb], stairs; scaling ladder.
scaph•a, -ae, f., skiff, boat.
scelerātous, -a, -um, adj. [scelerō, pollute], accursed, infamous; as noun, criminal.
sciō, 4, distinguish; know, understand.
scrībō, scrībere, scrīpsī, scrīptum, write, record, or make mention in writing.
scūt•um, -ī, $n$., shield, buckler; oblong, convex ( $21 / 2 x 4$ feet), made of wood covered with leather or iron plates, with a metal rim.
sē- and sēd-, inseparable prefix, apart, away.
sē, see suī. $\dagger$
secūt•us, see sequor.
sed, conj., but, but yet (a stronger adversative than autem or at). $\dagger$
sēment•is, -is, $f$. [sēmen, seed], sowing.
senāt-us, -ūs, $m$. [senex, old], $a$ body of old men, senate; especially, the Roman Senate.
sententi•a, -ae, $f$. [sentiō, think], way of thinking, opinion, sentiment; purpose, design, scheme, plan; decision, resolve; verdict; sentence.
sentiō, sentīre, sēnsī, sēnsum, perceive, be aware of, notice, experience, undergo; realize, know; decide, judge; sanction, adhere to.
septentriōn•ēs, -um, $m$. [septem, seven + triōnēs, plough oxen], the seven plough oxen, the stars of the Great Bear (Big Dipper), hence the North.
septim.us, -a, -um, ord. num. adj. [septum, seven], seventh.
Sēquan•a, -ae, $m$., the river Sequana, now called the Seine. It flows across much of northern Gaul, and, more famously today, flows through Paris.
Sēquan•us, -a, -um, adj., of or belonging to the Sequani; pl. as noun, Sēquanī, the Sequani.
sequor, sequī, secūtus sum, follow, follow after, pursue; accompany, attend; follow in point of time; with poena, be inflicted; fidem sequī, seek the protection.
serm•ō, -ōnis, $m$., conversation, interview, speech.
sērō, adv., late, too late.
serō, serere, sēvī, satum, sow, plant.
servīl•is, -e, adj. [servus, slave], of or like a slave, slavish, servile.
servit•ūs, -ūtis, $f$. [servus, slave], slavery, servitude.
servō, 1 , save, preserve; maintain,
keep; guard, watch; reserve.
servous, -ī, $m$., slave, servant.
sēsē, see sū̄.
seu, see sīve.
$\mathbf{s i}$, conj., if, if perchance; to see whether or if; whether; quod sī, but if, now if. $\dagger$
sibi, see suī. $\dagger$
sic, $a d v$., so, thus, in this manner;
sic . . . ut, so . . . that; so . . . as.
sicci•tās, -tātis, $f$. [siccus, dry],
drought, dryness.
sīcut or sīcutī, $a d v$. $[\mathbf{s i} \mathbf{c}$, so $+\mathbf{u t}(\overline{\mathbf{i}})$, as], so as, just as, just as if.
sīd•us, -eris, $n$., star; constellation.
sign•um, -ī, n., mark, sign, signal, watchword; signal for battle, standard, ensign; ab signīs discēdere, withdraw from the ranks; signa īnferre, advance to the attack; signa conversa inferre, face about and advance to the attack; signa ferre, advance on the march; direct the attack; signa convertere, face or wheel about or around; ad signa convenire, join the army.
silv•a, -ae, f., forest, woods, a wood.
simil•is, -e, adj., like, similar.
simul, $a d v$. at once, at the same time, thereupon; simul...
simul, both ... and, partly...
partly; simul atque, as soon as.
simulācr•um, -ī, $n$. [simulō, make like], image, statue.
simul•tās, -tātis, f., jealousy, rivalry.
sīn, conj., if however, but if.
sine, prep. with abl., without. $\dagger$
singulār•is, -e, adj. [singulī, one each], one at a time, one by one; single, alone; singular, remarkable, extraordinary, matchless.
singul•ıi, -ae, -a, distributive num. adj., one each, one; one at a time, single, separate; each, every; the several; in annōs singulōs, annually.
soc•ius, $-\mathbf{i}, m$. [compare
sequor, follow], companion, confederate, ally.
sōl, sōlis, $m$., the sun; ad
occidentem sōlem, toward the setting sun or west; ad orientem solem, toward the rising sun or east.
soleō, solēre, solitus sum (App. $\$ 74$ ), be accustomed, be used to.
solvō, solvere, solvī, solūtum, loosen, untie; with or without nāvēs, weigh anchor, set sail, put to sea.
spat-ium, -i, $n$., space, distance, extent, length of space: period or length of time, hence time, opportunity.
speci•ēs, -eī, $f$. [speciō, see], seeing, sight; look, appearance, show, pretense.
spectō, 1 [frequentative of speciō, see], look at, regard; look, face, lie.
speculātōri•us, -a, -um, adj.
[speculātor, spy], of a spy, spying, scouting.
spērō, 1 [spēs, hope], hope, hope for, anticipate.
spēs, speī, $f$. , hope, anticipation, expectation. $\dagger$
spontis, gen. and sponte, abl. (obs. nom. spōns), $f$., of one's own accord, willingly, voluntarily; by oneself.
stabili॰tās, -tātis, $f$. [stabilis, firm], firmness, steadiness.
statim, adv. [stō, stand], as one stands, hence, immediately, at once, right away.
 standing or stationing; a military post or station; sentries, pickets, outposts; in statiōne esse, be on guard.
stīpendoium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. , tax, tribute.
stō, stāre, stetī, statum, stand, abide by.
strāmentum, -ī, $n$., covering; straw, thatch; packsaddle.
strepitous, -ūs, $m$. [strepō, make a noise], noise, rattle, uproar.
stude•ō, -ēre, -uī, -, be eager or zealous; desire, strive after, devote oneself to; pay attention to; accustom oneself to.
stud-ium, -ī, $n$. [studeō, be zealous], zeal, eagerness, enthusiasm, desire; goodwill, devotion; pursuit, occupation. sub, prep. with acc. and abl. (1) With acc., (a) with verbs of motion, under, beneath; up to;
(2) of time, just at, about, toward. (2) With abl., (a) of position, under, beneath; toward, near to; at the foot or base of; (b) of time, during, within; in compounds,
sub- or subs-, under; up away; from beneath; secretly; in succession; slightly.
sub•dūcō, -dūcere, -dūxī, -ductum [dūcō, lead], draw or lead up; lead or draw off, withdraw; with nāvēs, haul up, beach.
sub-eō, -ire, -iī, -itum [ $\mathbf{e o}$, go. App. \$84], come or go under, come up to; come up; undergo, endure.
subitō, $a d v$. [subitus, sudden], suddenly, unexpectedly, of a sudden.
sublātus, see tollō.
sub•mittō, -mittere, -mīsī, -missum [mittō, send], send up, send, send to the assistance of.
sub•moveō, -movēre, -mōvī, -mōtum [movē̄, move], move away, drive away, dislodge.
sub.sequor, -sequī, -secūtus [sequor, follow], follow closely, follow up or on, follow.
subsid•ium, $-\overline{\mathbf{1}}, n$. [subsideō, sit near or in reserve], sitting in reserve; reserve force, reserves; help, aid, assistance.
sub.sum, -esse, -fuī, - [sum, be. App. \$77], be under or below, be near or close at hand.
sub•veniō, -venīre, -vēnī, -ventum [veniō, come], come or go to help, aid, succor.
suc•cēdō, -cēdere, -cessī, -cessum [cēdō, go], go or come under; come up to, come up, advance, be next to; succeed, take the place of; succeed, prosper.
suc•cendō, -cendere, -cendī, -cēnsum, set on fire below, kindle, burn.
suc•currō, -currere, -cursī, -cursum [currō, run], run to help, aid, assist.
sud•is, -is, f., heavy beam, pile, stake.
suffrāg.ium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$., vote, ballot.
suī (gen.), sibi (dat.), sē or sēsē (acc. or abl.), reflexive pron. 3rd person (App. $\$ \$ 163-165$ ), himself, herself, itself, themselves; he, she, it they, etc.; inter sē, see inter and App. §166. $\dagger$
sum, esse, fuī,—, be, exist, live; stay, remain; serve for; with gen. in predicate: be the mark or sign of; belong to; with dat.: have; for forms, see App. \$66. $\dagger$ fore $=$ futūrum esse (from sum). $\dagger$ summ•a, -ae, $f$. [summus, highest], the main thing or point, sum total, aggregate, the whole; general management, control, direction; summa imperī, the chief command. summ.us, -a, -um, adj. [superl. of superus, high. App. \$44], highest, very high; the highest part of, the top of; preeminent, greatest, chief, supreme; all. $\dagger$
sūmō, sūmere, sūmpsī, sūmptum [sub + emō, take], take away, take; assume; with supplic•ium, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, n .[\mathbf{s u b}+\mathbf{p l i c o ̄}$, bend $]$, humiliation; sacrificing; humble request or petition, supplication; punishment, penalty, torture.
sūmptuōs•us, -a,-um, adj. [sūmptus, expense], expensive.
superarō, 1 [super, over], go over; overmatch, be superior to, surpass, conquer, master, overcome, prevail; be left over, remain; vītā superāre, survive.
superior, -ius, adj. [comp. of superus, high. App. \$44], (1) of place, upper, higher, superior; (2) of time, previous, earlier, former. $\dagger$
super•us, -a, -um, adj. [super, above], over, above; comp., see superior; superl., see summus. $\dagger$
sup-petō, -petere, -petīvī, -petītum [sub + petō, seek, obtain], be near or at hand; be in store, be supplied, hold out.
supplic•ium, $-\overline{1}, n$. [sub + plicō, bend], humiliation; sacrificing; humble request or petition, supplication; punishment, penalty, torture.
suprā, adv. and prep. with acc. (1) as adv., before, previously; (2) as prep. with acc., above; before.
sus•cipiō, -cipere, -cēpī, -ceptum [su(b)s + capiō, take], take or lift up; undertake, assume, take on oneself; begin, engage in.
suspīci•ō, -ōnis, $f$. [suspicor, suspect], suspicion, distrust; surmise.
suspicor, 1 [suspiciō, suspect], suspect, distrust; surmise.
sustent•ō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum, to build up; to sustain.
sus.tineō, -tinēre, -tinuī, -tentum $[\mathbf{s u}(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{s}+$ teneō, hold], hold up from below; hold up, sustain; hold back, check, restrain; hold out against, withstand, endure, bear; hold out. $\dagger$
sustulī, see tollō.
su•us, -a, -um, adj., reflex. pronominal adj. referring to the subject (App. SS163-167, a.), [suī, himself, herself, etc.], of or belonging to himself, herself, etc., his own, her own, its own, their own; his, hers, its, theirs; sua, $n$. pl. as noun, one's property; suì, $m$. pl. as noun, their men (friends or countrymen). $\dagger$

## T.

T., abbr. for Titus, a Roman praenomen.
tamen, adv. (opposed to some expressed or implied concession), yet, nevertheless, notwithstanding, still, however; at least. $\dagger$
tametsī, conj. [tamen, however + etsī, even if], although, though, notwithstanding.
tandem, $a d v$., at last, at length, finally; in interrog. clauses to add emphasis, as quid tandem, what then?
tantum, $a d v$. [tantus, so great], so much, so, so far; only, merely.
tantous, -a, -um, adj., so much, so great, so powerful, such; quantō
... tantō, with comparatives, see quantō. $\dagger$

Tasget•ius, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, m$., Tasgetius, $a$ leader among the Carnutes.
tegō, tegere, tēxī, tēctum, cover, hide; protect, defend.
tēl•um, -ī, $n$., a weapon for fighting at a distance, missile, dart, spear, javelin. $\dagger$
temerāri•us, -a, -um, adj. [temerē, rashly], rash, imprudent, reckless.
temerē, $a d v$., rashly, blindly, without good reason.
tēm•ō, -ōnis, m., pole (of $a$ wagon).
temperō, 1, restrain or control oneself, refrain; temperātus, perf. part. as adj., temperate, mild.
tempes•tās, -tātis, $f$. [tempus, time], time, season; weather, usually bad weather, storm, tempest.
temp-us, -oris, $n$., a division or section of time, a time, time (in general); occasion, crisis; omnī tempore, always; in reliquum tempus, for the future; $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{n o}$ tempore, at the same time, at once. $\dagger$
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum, hold, keep, occupy, possess, hold possession of; hold in, restrain, bind; sē tenēre, remain; memoriā tenēre, remember. $\dagger$ tenu•is, -e, adj., slim, thin; slight, insignificant; delicate.
terg•um, $-\mathbf{i}, n$., the back; terga vertere, to flee; post tergum or ab tergō, in the rear.
terr•a, -ae, f., earth, land, soil, ground; region, district; terrae ( $p l$.) and orbis terrārum, the world.
terreō, 2 , frighten, terrify.
terr•or, -ōris, $m$. [terreō,
frighten], fright, alarm, panic, terror.
tertious, -a, -um, adj., ord. number, adj., third. $\dagger$
testimōn•ium, $-\mathbf{i}, n$. [testor, be a witness], testimony, evidence, proof.
testūd•ō,-inis, f., tortoise; shed; a testitudo, a column of men, holding their shields overlapped above their heads (which made them look like a giant tortoise).
time•ō, -ēre, -uī, —, fear, be afraid of, dread; with dat., be anxious about, be anxious for, dread; nihil timēre, have no fear.
timidē, $a d v$. [timidus, fearful], fearfully, cowardly, timidly.
tim•or, -ōris, $m$. [timē̄, fear], fear, alarm, dread.
Titūr•ius, -ī, m., Quintus
Titurius Sabinus, one of Caesar's lieutenants.
Tit•us (abbr. T.), -ī, m., Titus, a Roman praenomen.
tolerō, 1, bear, endure; hold out; nourish, support; with famem, alleviate.
tollō, tollere, sustulī, sublātum, lift up, elevate; take on board; take away, remove; do away with, destroy; cancel; sublātus, perf. part. as adj., destroyed, elated.
torment•um, - $\overline{\mathbf{1}}, n$. [torquē̄, twist], means of twisting; an engine or machine for hurling missiles, e.g., catapults and ballista; windlass, hoist; device for torturing, hence, torment, torture.
torreō, torrēre, torruī, tostum, scorch, burn.
tot, indecl. adj., so many.
tōt•us, -a, -um, gen. totīus (App. \$32), adj., the whole, the whole of; entire, all; with force of $a d v$., wholly, entirely. $\dagger$
trā॰dō,-dere, -didī, -ditum [trāns + dō, give], give over, give up, surrender, deliver; entrust, commit; hand down, transmit; teach, communicate.
trāgul•a, -ae, f., a javelin, spear, or dart used by the Gauls.
tra•iciō, -icere, -iēcī,-iectum [iaciō, throw. App. S7], hurl across; pierce, transfix.
trāns, prep. with acc., across, beyond, over; in compounds, trāns- or trā-, across, over, through.
trāns•ē̄, -īre, -iī, -itum [ēō, go. App. \$84], go across or come over, cross; march through, pass through; move, migrate; of time, pass by.
trāns•ferō, -ferre, -tulī, -lātum [ferō, carry. App. \$81], carry or bring over, transfer.
trāns•fīgō, -fīgere, -fīxī, -fīxum [fīgō, fix], thrust or pierce through; transfix.
trānslātus, see trānsferō.
trānsportō, 1 [portō, carry], carry across or over, bring over, convey, transport.
Trebōn•ius, -ī, m., (1) Gaius
Trebonius, one of Caesar's
lieutenants. (2) Gaius Trebonius, a Roman of equestrian status.
trepidō, 1 , hurry about in alarm; pass., be disturbed or in confusion.
trēs, tria, gen. trium (III), card. number, adj., three. $\dagger$
III, see trēs.
Trḕvoir, -erī, $m$., one of the
Treveri; $p l$. Trēverī, the Treveri, a Belgic people near the Rhine.
tribūn•us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$. [tribus, tribe], tribune; tribūnus plēbis, at Rome, a magistrate elected by the people voting in tribes, originally to defend the interests of the plebs; tribūnus mīlitum or mīlitāris, a military tribune.
tribūt-um, -ī, $n$. [tribuō, render, pay], tribute, tax.
tulī, see ferō. $\dagger$
Tuling.ī, -örum, $m$., the Tulingi, $a$ Gallic tribe east of the Rhine.
tum, $a d v$., then, at this or that time; then, secondly; then, also; cum ... tum, both ... and, not only ... but also. $\dagger$
tumultous, -ūs, $m$. [tumeō, swell], uproar, confusion, disorder, tumult; uprising, insurrection.
tumul.us, -ī, $m$. [tumeō, swell], swelling; mound, hill.
tunc, $a d v$., then, at that time, at this juncture.
turm•a, -ae, $f$., troop or squadron of about thirty cavalrymen.
turp•is, -e, adj., ugly, unseemly; shameful, disgraceful, dishonorable.
turrois, -is, $f$., tower. $\dagger$
tūtō, $a d v$. [tūtus, safe], safely, securely.
tūtous, -a, -um, adj. [tueor, protect], protected, safe, secure.
tu•us, -a, -um, adj., poss. adj. [tū, you], your, yours.

## U.

ubi, adv. (1) of place, in which place, where; (2) of time, when, whenever; as soon as; ubi prīmum, as soon as.
ulcīscor, ulcīscī, ultus sum, avenge; punish, take vengeance on.
ūll•us, -a, -um, gen. ūllīus (App. \$32), adj., a single, any; as noun, anyone, anybody.
ulter-ior, -ius, adj., comp. [ultrā, beyond. App. S43], farther, more remote, ulterior.
ultim•us, -a, -um, adj., superl. [ultrā, beyond. App. \$43], farthest, most distant or remote; as noun, those in the rear.
ulträ, prep. with acc., beyond, on the farther side of.
ultrō, $a d v$., to or on the farther side, beyond; of one's own accord, voluntarily, spontaneously, without provocation; besides, moreover; ultrō citrōque, back and forth.
ululāt•us, -ūs, $m$., yell, shriek.
unde, $a d v$., from which place, whence.
undique, $a d v$. [unde, whence], from all parts; on all sides, everywhere.
ūnivers•us, -a, -um, adj. [unus, one + vertō, turn], turned into one: all together, whole, universal; all as a mass.
ūn•us, -a, -um, adj., gen. ūnīus (App. \$32), card. number, adj., one, the same one; single, alone; the sole, the only; the sole or only one. $\dagger$
urbs, urbis, f., city; especially, the city, Rome.
ūs.us, - $\mathbf{u} s, m$. [ūtor, use], use, experience, practice, skill; service, advantage; need, necessity; ūsus est, there is need; ūsuī esse or ex ūsū esse, be of advantage or service; ūsū venïre, come by necessity; happen. $\dagger$
ut and utī, adv. and conj., (1) as interrog. adv., how?; (2) as rel. $a d v$. and conj., as, in proportion as, just as; insomuch as; as if; (3) as conj. (a) with the ind., when, after; (b) with the subjunctive, that, in order that, to; that, so that, so as to; though, although; after words offearing, that not. $\dagger$ uter, utra, utrum, gen. utrīus (App. \$32), adj. (1) as interrog., which one or which one of two; (2) as rel., the one who, of two, whichever. $\dagger$
uterque, utraque, utrumque, adj. [uter, which of two], each of two, either of two; both. $\dagger$
ūt•or, $-\mathbf{i}$, ūsus sum, make use of, employ, use, avail oneself of, exercise; have, enjoy, experience, possess, show; adopt, accept; ūsus, perf. part. often translated: with. $\dagger$
ux•or, -ōris, $f$., wife.

## V.

$\mathbf{V}$, sign for quīnque, five.
vacāti•$\bullet$, -ōnis, $f$. [vacō, be empty], exemption.
vad•um, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, n$., ford, shallow, i.e., a spot where it is possible to wade across.
vāgīn•a, -ae, f., sheath, scabbard. vagor, 1 [vagus, roaming], roam around, rove, wander.
valetūd•ธ̄, -inis, $f$. [valē̄, be strong], health, poor health.
vall-ēs, is, $f$., a valley
vall•um, $-\overline{\mathbf{i}}, n$. [vallus, palisade], wall or rampart of earth set with palisades; entrenchments, earthworks. $\dagger$
-ve, conj., enclitic=vel, or.
vel, conj. and adv. (1) as conj., or; vel . . . vel, either . . . or; (2) as $a d v$., even.
velim, see volō. $\dagger$
vellem, see volō. $\dagger$
vēl•ōx, -ōcis, adj., swift, rapid, speedy.
Venet•ī,-ōrum, $m$., Veneti; $a$ Gallic people on the western Atlantic coast.
veniō, venīre, vēnī, ventum, come, arrive, go, advance; in spem venïre, have hopes; pass. often impers. as ventum est, they came, it came, etc.
ventitō, 1 [frequentative of veniō, come], keep coming, resort; go back and forth, visit.
vent•us, $-\mathbf{i}, m$., wind.
vereor, verērī, veritus sum, revere; fear, dread, be afraid of.
verg•0̄, -ere, —, —, look or lie toward, be situated.
vērō, $a d v$. [vērus, true], in truth, truly, really, indeed; but, however, on the other hand.
versō, 1 , turn; deal with; pass. as deponent, turn oneself; be, remain; engage in; fight.
versus, $a d v$. [vertō, turn], turned to; toward.
vers•us, -ūs, $m$. [vertō, turn], turning, verse.
Vertic•ō, -ōnis, $m$., Vertico, $a$ high-ranking Nervian.
vertō, vertere, vertī, versum, turn, turn around; terga vertere, flee.
Verucloeti•us, -ī, m., Verucloetius, a Helvetian sent as an envoy to Caesar.
verūtoum, - $\mathbf{i}, n$. , dart, spear, javelin. vi•a, -ae, f., way, road, route; journey, march.
vīcēn•ī, -ae, -um, distributive num. adj. [vīgintī, twenty], twenty each, twenty.
vicis, gen. (no nom. form), change; only in the adv. phrase in vicem, alternately, in turn.
victim•a, -ae, $f$., victim; a sacrificial animal.
vict•or, -ōris, $m$. [vincō, conquer], conqueror, victor; as adj., victorious.
victōri•a, -ae, $f$. [victor, conqueror], conquest, victory. $\dagger$
vìc•us, -ī, $m$., village, hamlet.
videō, vidēre, vīdī, vīsum, see, perceive, observe, examine, understand; see to, take care; in pass., be seen; seem, appear; seem proper, seem best. $\dagger$
vigili•a, -ae, $f$. [vigil, awake], wakefulness, watching; a watch, one of the four equal divisions of the night, used by the Romans in reckoning time and organizing guard duty.
VII, sign for septem, seven.
vīm•en, -inis, $n$., a bendable stick, switch, osier.
vinciō, vincīre, vīnxī, vinctum, bind.
vincō, vincere, vīcī, vīctum, conquer, overcome, vanquish, prevail; have one's way or desire.
vincul•a, -ae, $f$. [vinciō, bind], bond, fetter, chain.
vir, virī, m., man; husband; a man of distinction or honor; compare homō, a human being, as opposed to lower animals. $\dagger$ virt•ūs, -ūtis, $f$. [vir, man], manliness, bravery, valor, merit, worth, courage, virtue; strength, energy, force; pl., good qualities, merits, virtues. $\dagger$
vīs, vīs (App. \$27), f., force, might, energy, strength; violence, severity; authority, power; a force, a great number; pl. vīrēs, strength, force; vim facere, use violence. $\dagger$
vīt•a, -ae, $f$. [cf. vīvō, live], life; manner of living, lifestyle, living.
vītō, 1 , avoid, shun, evade, escape.
vīvō, vīvere, vīxī, vīctum, live; subsist on.
vīv•us, -a, -um, adj. [vīvō, live], alive, living.
vix, adj., with difficulty, barely, hardly.
vocō, 1 [ $\mathbf{v o} \mathbf{x}$, voice], call, summon; invite.
volō, velle, voluī, - (App. \$82), wish, be willing, want, desire; prefer, choose; intend; mean; quid sibi vellet, what did he intend or mean? $\dagger$
volun•tās, -tātis, $f$. [volō, wish], wish, will, desire, inclination; goodwill, favor; consent, approval.
Vorēn•us, - $\mathbf{i}, m$., Lucius Vorenus, $a$ centurion in Caesar's army.
vōs, see tū.
voveō, vovēre, vōvī, vōtum, vow.
vōx, vōcis, $f$., voice, tone; outcry, cry, shout; word; pl., words, language, variously translated according to context, as entreaties, complaints, tales, etc.
vulgō, $a d v$. [vulgus, the crowd], commonly, everywhere.
vulg.us, $-\mathbf{i}, n$., the common people, the multitude, the public, the masses; a crowd.
vulnerō, 1 [vulnus, wound], wound.
vuln•us, -eris, $n$., a wound.


